

City of Beckley West Virginia Firemen's Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2020 to Determine the City's Contribution for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Bolton

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October 1, 2021

Mr. Billie Trump City Treasurer, Recorder P.O. Box 2514 Beckley, WV 25801 Captain Ernest Parsons, Jr. Pension Board Secretary City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Re: City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Actuarial Valuation Report for the Year Beginning July 1, 2020

Dear Mr. Trump and Captain Parsons, Jr.:

The following sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund as of July 1, 2020. Sections I and II of the report provide a summary of results and the actuarial certification, respectively. Sections III and IV contain the development of the City's contribution for the 2022 fiscal year. Section V contains asset information. Sections VI and VII provide experience gain/loss and risk measure information, respectively. Sections VIII and IX provide projections and an analysis of changing funding policies. Sections X through XII provide a summary of the census data, plan provisions, assumptions and actuarial methods. Section XIII provides a glossary of many of the terms used in this report.

The purposes of this report are to provide information on:

- The sponsor's funding requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, based on the selected funding policy, i.e. the **Alternative** funding policy as defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1)
- The Fund's eligibility to receive an allocation of the premium tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022
- The Fund's eligibility to provide supplemental benefits for the plan year beginning July 1,2022

This report may not be used for any other purpose; Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

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Section I. Executive Summary

Background

Bolton has prepared the following report that sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (the Plan) as of July 1, 2020. Please note that some columns and rows in the tables on the following pages may not add due to rounding.

Funding Policy

The Plan is valued using the Alternative funding policy as described in WV Code §8-22-20. The City of Beckley (the City) switched from the Standard funding policy to the Alternative funding policy effective July 1, 1991.

Summary of Results

The following table presents a two-year summary of the Plan's estimated pension contributions.

Es	timated Employer Contribution Requirements	FYE 2021	FYE 2022
1.	Prior Year Alternative Contribution	\$ 771,118	\$ 825,096
2.	7% Increase in Alternative Contribution	\$ 53,978	\$ 57,757
3.	Current Year Preliminary Alternative Contribution	\$ 825,096	\$ 882,853
4.	Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on an Open Group Basis	\$ 0	\$ 0
5.	Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% of Premium Tax (3. + 4.)	\$ 825,096	\$ 882,853
6.	Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on a Closed Group Basis	\$ 0	\$ 0
7.		\$ 825,096	\$ 882,853
Am	nortization Period to Eliminate Unfunded Liability	FYE 2021	FYE 2022
1.	Net City Contribution	\$ 825,096	\$ 882,853
2.	Estimated Premium Tax Allocation	\$ 518,795	\$ 520,888
3.	Total City Contribution Plus Premium Tax (1. + 2.)	\$ 1,343,891	\$ 1,403,741
4.	Net Employer Normal Cost with Interest	\$ 877,873	\$ 852,330
5.	Payment Towards Unfunded Liability (3. – 4.)	\$ 466,018	\$ 551,411
6.	Estimated Number of Years this 'Payment Towards Unfunded Liability' Would Take to Eliminate the Unfunded Liability	Never	Never



The following table presents a three-year historical summary of Plan assets and liabilities.

	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2020
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 48,944,997	\$ 45,400,489	\$ 45,623,459
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$ 18,449,645	\$ 19,275,679	\$ 19,690,974
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 30,495,352	\$ 26,124,810	\$ 25,932,485
Funding Percentage	37.7%	42.5%	43.2%

The contributions shown above are assumed to be paid in equal monthly installments throughout the fiscal year. Details of the determination of the City's contribution for FYE 2022 are shown in Section IV of this report.

Please note, the Alternative and Conservation policies do not meet the requirements for a reasonable funding method under standard actuarial principles. Current contributions developed under the Alternative and Conservation funding policies may be significantly smaller than contributions developed under a generally accepted actuarial funding policy and plans using either of these two funding policies may experience significant increases in the required contribution over time. We recommend that municipalities using the Alternative policy consider switching to a policy that is more in line with standard actuarial principles for funding. In order to understand the ineffectiveness of these funding policies, we have shown the number of years it would take to completely payoff the unfunded liability assuming the amount shown for the plan year is paid for all future years until the unfunded is eliminated.¹ If "Never" is shown, the year's payment toward the unfunded liability does not cover the interest on the unfunded liability and the unfunded liability will be expected to increase in future years.

Risk Measures

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan. More detail is provided later in this report.

Risk Measure	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2020	Conservative Measures
Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL	65.7%	65.1%	73.0%	<50%
Assets (MVA) to Payroll	8.1	8.4	7.4	<5
Liabilities to Payroll	21.4	19.7	17.3	<5
Benefit Payments to Contributions	1.4	1.3	1.3	<3

¹ This does not factor in any future increases in the contributions since scheduled increases might require a growing burden to the City.



Experience Analysis

The following factors affected the City's funded status:

- The Plan uses the Alternative funding policy. City contributions between FY 2021 and FY 2022 are expected to increase by 7.0% from \$825,096 to \$882,853.
- No additional contributions are required to stay "solvent" for the next 15 years. Making the \$882,853 contribution will allow the plan to pay COLAs and receive premium tax payments.
- The discount rate changed from 5.00% to 4.75%.
- Contributions under this policy are not based on actuarial liabilities and plan assets. However, liabilities increased by 0.5% and assets increased by 2.2%.
- The Plan's funded ratio increased from 42.5% to 43.2% and the Plan is expected to be 100% funded in 2051.
- The return on the market value of assets for FY 2020 was 3.7%, while the return on the actuarial value of assets for FY 2020 was 4.7%.

Changes in Methods, Assumptions, and Plan Amendments

Pursuant to the 2020 Actuarial Methods Recommendations Report, the WV MPOB adopted changes to the following methods:

- Amortization method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from a single, closed amortization base to a layered amortization approach.
- Asset method: the method was changed from the market value of assets to a four-year smoothed actuarial value of assets.
- Roll-forward method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from developing contributions for the valuation year to rolling valuation results forward one year to better align the contribution calculation with the expected timing of the contribution.
- The above method changes do not impact the development of the contribution under the Alternative Method; however, they do impact the development of the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes.

Additionally, there were changes to several assumptions. These changes are described in detail in *Section XII. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions*. All of the significant demographic assumptions were changed as well as the method used to determine the discount rate.

The Plan has adopted a deferred retirement option program (DROP). Effective September 19, 2019, a member eligible for regular retirement after attaining age 50 and completing at least 20 years of service can enter DROP. More information on this can be found in the *Deferred Retirement Option Program* of Section XI.

Sources of Information

The July 1, 2020 participant data and market value of assets were provided by or at the direction of the City of Beckley. While we have reviewed this data for consistency and completeness, we have not audited this data.

Supplemental Benefit Eligibility

West Virginia Code §8-22-26a requires that all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, disability pensioners or future retirees receive a Supplemental Pension Benefit (i.e. cost-of-living adjustments, or COLAs) payable on the first day of July, based on a percentage increase equal



to any increase in the consumer price index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics for the preceding year. The COLA shall not exceed 4% per year and is not payable to a retiree until the first day of July after the second anniversary of the retiree's date of retirement. Additionally, the COLA shall be calculated on only the first \$15,000 of the annual benefit paid and on the COLAs accumulated by the retiree since benefit commencement. If, at any time after the COLA becomes applicable, the total accumulated percentage increase in benefit on the allowable amount becomes less than 75% of the total accumulated percentage increase in the consumer price index over that same period of time, the 4% limitation shall be inapplicable until such time as the accumulated COLAs equal 75% of the accumulated increase in the consumer price index. The consumer price index used to determine the COLA is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

The COLA is only payable to the extent that the actuary certifies to the Board of Trustees of the fund the amount of increase in the COLA, if any, which may be paid, and which will preserve the minimum standards for actuarial soundness of the fund as set forth in West Virginia Code §8-22-20. The related solvency test is discussed below.

Premium Tax

West Virginia Code §33-3-14d established a 1% tax on premiums for fire insurance and casualty insurance policies. The proceeds from this tax are used to fund the West Virginia Teachers Retirement System, the Fire Protection Fund for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and the Municipal Pensions Security Fund, which is managed by the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board (MPOB). The MPOB allocates funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to each eligible municipality's police and fire fund that is less than 100% funded on an actuarial basis. The funds from the Base Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month (regardless of whether the police and fire employees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia state Municipal Police and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS)). The funds from the Excess Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly number of retired police officers and firefighters (regardless of whether the police and fire employees and retirees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia MPFRS).

West Virginia Code §8-22-19 requires a plan sponsor to deposit into the pension fund the required contributions in accordance with Code §8-22-20 at least on a monthly basis at a rate of one-twelfth of the annual requirement in order to receive the premium tax allocation described above. A municipality may pre-pay this contribution. If the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions Security Fund is not paid to the pension and relief fund within eighteen months, the portion is forfeited by the pension and relief fund and is allocable to other eligible municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds in accordance with West Virginia Code §33-3-14d.

Solvency Tests

There are two solvency tests. The first solvency test is used to determine whether the State premium tax may be allocated to the pension plan for the fiscal year. West Virginia Code §8-22-20 has been historically interpreted to require plans that use the **Alternative** funding policy to be projected to be solvent in the next 15 years in order to receive the State premium tax allocation.



Plans that use the Standard, Optional, or Conservation policy, by definition of the funding policy, will always be projected to be solvent in future years. If a plan is not projected to be solvent in the next 15 years, the municipality or employees must make additional contributions in the current fiscal year in order to receive the State premium tax allocation.

The second test is used to determine whether the COLA is payable under West Virginia Code §8-22-26a, which requires the actuary to certify that the minimum funding for actuarial soundness will be preserved after the COLA is granted for the year. The test used to determine if the minimum funding for actuarial soundness will be preserved is a 15-year projection on a closed group basis. For the July 1, 2020 valuation, the 15-year period would end on June 30, 2035. If the assets are greater than \$1 for the first 15 years of the projection, the COLA must be granted. Please note that the Alternative policy is not consistent with generally accepted actuarial principles for funding and continued use of this policy may reduce future solvency levels, even if the current projections do not forecast insolvency.

Actuarial Projections

Section VIII of this report provides long-range projections of assets, liabilities, funded status, and contributions for the pension fund assuming the plan continues to use the **Alternative** funding policy. Additionally, Section IX provides projections that are based on the municipality switching to the Optional or Conservation funding policies in the current fiscal year or in the year that the Optional or Conservation policy contributions are projected to be less than the contribution under the Alternative policy. The projections are shown to help the municipality make decisions regarding the election of future funding policies and to understand the future funded status and future contribution requirements based on an expected set of assumptions.

Plans that use the Alternative funding policy may switch to either the Optional or Conservation funding policy. For these plans, we show projections for the following scenarios:

- Plan continues to be funded under the Alternative policy on an open group basis (these projections are also used to determine if the plan is eligible for the premium tax allocation)
- Plan continues to be funded under the Alternative policy on a closed group basis (these projections are used to determine if the COLA is payable)
- Plan switches to the Optional funding policy in the current contribution year
- Plan switches to the Conservation funding policy in the current contribution year
- Plan switches to the Optional funding policy in the year that the Optional funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution
- Plan switches to the Conservation funding policy in the year that the Conservation funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution

Impact of COVID-19

Because the long-term net impact of COVID-19 on mortality, salary increases, and changes in turnover and retirement behavior is difficult to estimate at this time, we have not made any adjustments to the assumptions for the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.



Section II. Actuarial Certification

This actuarial valuation sets forth our calculation of an estimate of the liabilities of the City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, together with a comparison of these liabilities with the value of the Plan assets, as submitted by the City of Beckley (the City). This calculation and comparison with assets is applicable for the valuation date only. The future is uncertain, and the Plan may become better funded or more poorly funded in the future. This valuation does not provide any guarantee that the Plan will be able to provide the promised benefits in the future.

This is a deterministic valuation in that it is based on a single set of assumptions. This set of assumptions is one possible basis for our calculations. Other assumptions may be equally valid and would produce different results, so that no one projection is uniquely "correct" and many alternative projections of the future could also be regarded as reasonable. The Plan's actual experience will differ from the assumptions; the differences may be significant or material because the results are very sensitive to the assumptions made and, in some cases, to the interaction between the assumptions. We may consider that some factors are not material to the valuation of the Plan and may not provide a specific assumption for those factors. The Plan may have used other assumptions in the past. We will likely consider changes in assumptions at a future date in conjunction with the MPOB.

A "sensitivity analysis" shows the degree to which results would be different if alternative assumptions within the range of possibilities were substituted for those utilized in this report. We have not been engaged to perform such a sensitivity analysis, and thus, the results of such an analysis are not included in this report. At the City's request, Bolton is available to perform such a sensitivity analysis.

The City is responsible for selecting the Plan's funding policy. The MPOB selects the actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions based on the advice of the plan's actuary. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed by the MPOB, in consultation with Bolton, and are described in this report. The MPOB is solely responsible for communicating to Bolton any changes required thereto.

In addition, decisions regarding benefit improvements, benefit changes, the Plan's investment policy, and similar issues should not be based on this valuation. These issues are complex and other factors should be considered when making such decisions. Other factors might include the anticipated vitality of the local economy and future growth expectations, as well as other economic and financial factors.

The cost of this Plan is determined by the benefits promised by the Plan, the Plan's participant population, the investment experience of the Plan and many other factors. An actuarial valuation is a budgeting tool for the City. It does not affect the cost of the Plan. Different funding methods provide for different timing of contributions to the Plan. As the experience of the Plan evolves, it is normal for the level of contributions to the Plan to change. The Plan sponsor is responsible for funding the cost of the Plan. If a contribution is not made for a particular year, either by deliberate choice or because of an error in a calculation, that contribution can be made in later years. We will not be responsible for contributions that are made at a future time rather than an earlier time.

We make every effort to ensure that our calculations are accurately performed. These calculations are complex. Despite our best efforts, we may make a mistake. We reserve the right to correct



any potential errors by amending the results of this report or by including the corrections in a future valuation report.

Because modeling all aspects of a situation is not possible or practical, we may use summary information, estimates, or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events in an efficient and cost-effective manner. We may also exclude factors or data that are immaterial in our judgment. Use of such simplifying techniques does not, in our judgment, affect the reasonableness of valuation results for the Plan.

The valuation was completed using both proprietary and third-party models (including software and tools). We have tested these models to ensure they are used for their intended purposes, within their known limitations, and without any known material inconsistencies unless otherwise stated.

This report is based on Plan provisions, census data, and asset data submitted by the City. We have relied on this information for purposes of preparing this report but have not performed an audit. The accuracy of the results presented in this report is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of the underlying information. The Plan sponsor is solely responsible for the validity and completeness of this information.

The City of Beckley Firemen's Pension Fund Board of Trustees is solely responsible for selecting the Plan's investment policies, asset allocations and individual investments. Bolton's actuaries have not provided any investment advice to the Board.

The information in this report was prepared for the internal use of the MPOB, the West Virginia Legislature's Joint Committee on Pensions and Retirement, the City and their auditors in connection with their review of the City's financial statements and our actuarial valuation of the Plan. It is neither intended nor necessarily suitable for other purposes. Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any other use or the reliance upon this report by any other party.

The calculation of actuarial liabilities for valuation purposes is based on a current estimate of future benefit payments. The calculation includes a computation of the "present value" of those estimated future benefit payments using an assumed discount rate; the higher the discount rate assumption, the lower the estimated liability will be. For purposes of estimating the liabilities (future and accrued) in this report, the MPOB selected an assumption based on the expected long-term rate of return on Plan investments, the funded status (current and projected), and funding policy. Using a lower discount rate assumption, such as a rate based on long-term bond yields, could substantially increase the estimated present value of future and accrued liabilities.

Because valuations are a snapshot in time and are based on estimates and assumptions that are not precise and will differ from actual experience, contribution calculations are inherently imprecise. There is no uniquely "correct" level of Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the coming Plan year. More importantly, the contribution required under the Alternative policy is not an ADC, because it not determined based on actuarially sound principles.

This report provides certain financial calculations for use by the City's auditor. These values have been computed in accordance with our understanding of generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and fairly reflect the actuarial position of the Plan. The various actuarial assumptions and methods which have been used are, in our opinion, appropriate for the purposes of this report.



The report is conditioned on the assumption of an ongoing Plan (open or closed plans) and is not meant to present the actuarial position of the Plan in the case of Plan termination. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: Plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status), and changes in Plan provisions or applicable law.

The MPOB, Pension Board or the City should notify Bolton promptly after receipt of this report if they disagree with anything contained in the report or is aware of any information that would affect the results of the report that has not been communicated to Bolton or incorporated therein. The report will be deemed final and acceptable unless the MPOB, Pension Board or the City promptly provides such notice to Bolton.

The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services, which could create a conflict of interest that would impair the objectivity of our work.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report and provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

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Jim Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Section III. Normal Cost and Liabilities

Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Net Employer Normal Cost is illustrated below.

Ne	t Employer Normal Cost (BOY)	7/1/2019	7/1/2020
1.	Normal Cost	\$ 1,027,388	\$ 983,941
2.a	. Administrative Expenses FYE 2021/2022	\$ 9,688	\$ 3,602
2.b	. Administrative Expenses (BOY)	\$ 9,455	\$ 3,519
3.	Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)	\$ 1,036,843	\$ 987,460
4.	Expected Employee Contributions (BOY)	\$ 180,126	\$ 167,647
5.	Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.)	\$ 856,717	\$ 819,813
	(% of Compensation)	38.17%	40.24%

Projected Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Projected Net Employer Normal Cost as of the first anniversary of the valuation date (i.e. the first day of the contribution year) is illustrated below.

Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY)		
Valuation Date	7/1/2019	7/1/2020
Projection Date	7/1/2020	7/1/2021
1. Projected Normal Cost	\$ N/A	\$ 1,002,573
2.a. Projected Administrative Expenses (MOY)	\$ N/A	\$ 3,692
2.b. Projected Administrative Expenses (BOY)	\$ N/A	\$ 3,607
3. Projected Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)	\$ N/A	\$ 1,006,180
4. Projected Employee Contributions (BOY)	\$ N/A	\$ 173,399
5. Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.)	\$ N/A	\$ 832,781
(% of Compensation)	N/A	39.96%



Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Below is a summary of the key valuation results.

			7/1/2019			7/1/2020
1. Actuarial Accrued Liability	<u>Count</u>			<u>Count</u>		
a. Active	42	\$	15,836,822	36	\$	12,302,170
b. Retirees	36		23,377,912	41 ²		27,345,452
c. Survivors	15		2,512,540	15		2,542,799
d. Disableds	7		3,034,103	7		2,772,993
e. Deferred Vesteds	1		639,112	1		660,045
f. Former Members Due Refunds	0		0	0		0
g. Total	101	\$	45,400,489	100	\$	45,623,459
Present Value of Future						
Normal Costs		\$	10,699,643		\$	9,946,995
3. Present Value of Benefits						
		\$ \$	10,699,643 56,100,132		\$ \$	9,946,995 55,570,454
3. Present Value of Benefits						
 Present Value of Benefits (1.g. + 2.) 		\$	56,100,132		\$	55,570,454
 Present Value of Benefits (1.g. + 2.) Actuarial Value of Assets 		\$	56,100,132		\$	55,570,454

Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The development of the Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of the first anniversary of the valuation date (i.e. the first day of the contribution year) is illustrated below.

Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Lia	ability	7/1/2019	7/1/2020
 Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability on Valuation Date 	\$	N/A	\$ 25,932,485
 Net Employer Normal Cost, Excluding Expenses (BOY) 	\$	N/A	\$ 816,294
3. Expected Expenses (MOY)	\$	N/A	\$ 3,602
 Expected Employer Contribution Fiscal Year Beginning on the Valuation Date 	\$	N/A	\$ 825,096
5. Expected Premium Tax Allocation Fiscal Year Beginning on the Valuation Date	\$	N/A	\$ 518,795
 Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability on Valuation Date + 1 Year 	\$	N/A	\$ 26,647,594

² Includes 7 DROP participants

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Section IV. Determination of City Contributions

Development of Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for Funding Purposes

The development of the Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for funding purposes is illustrated below.

Estimated Employer Contribution Requirements		FYE 2021		FYE 2022
1. Prior Year Alternative Contribution	\$	771,118	\$	825,096
2. 7% Increase in Alternative Contribution	\$	53,978	\$	57,757
3. Current Year Preliminary Alternative Contribution	\$	825,096	\$	882,853
 Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on an Open Group Basis 	\$	0	\$	0
5. Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% of Premium Tax (3. + 4.)	\$	825,096	\$	882,853
 Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on a Closed Group Basis 	\$	0	\$	0
 Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% Premium Tax and Grant Supplemental Benefits (COLA) (5 + 6) 	¢	825.000	¢	000 050
(COLA) (5. + 6.)	\$	825,096	Ф	882,853



Development of Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB Purposes The development of the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes is illustrated

below.

Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB	FYE 2021	FYE 2022
 Projected Gross Normal Cost, Including Administrative Expenses (BOY) 	\$ 1,036,843	\$ 1,006,180
2. Projected Employee Contributions (BOY)	\$ 180,126	\$ 173,399
 Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY) (1. – 2.) 	\$ 856,717	\$ 832,781
4. Interest on Normal Cost	\$ 21,156	\$ 19,549
 Projected Total Employer Normal Cost with Interest (3. + 4.) 	\$ 877,873	\$ 852,330
6. Amortization of Projected Unfunded Liability	\$ 1,606,872	\$ 1,641,085
7. Interest on Projected Unfunded Liability Payment	\$ 39,682	\$ 38,524
8. Unfunded Liability Payment with Interest (6. + 7.)	\$ 1,646,554	\$ 1,679,609
9. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation	\$ 518,795	\$ 520,888
10. Unfunded Liability Payment Net of Premium Tax Allocation (8. – 9., not less than 0)	\$ 1,127,759	\$ 1,158,721
11. Net Employer Contribution (5. + 10.)	\$ 2,005,632	\$ 2,011,051
12. Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB Purposes (5. + 8., not less than 0)	\$ 2,524,427	\$ 2,531,939



Schedule of Amortization Bases for GASB Purposes Below is a schedule of the amortization bases as of July 1, 2021 used to develop the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes.

Description	Date Established	Remaining Years	Outstanding Amount	Payment / (Credit)
Initial Unfunded	7/1/2021	28.5	\$ 27,943,230	\$ 1,727,366
Plan Change	7/1/2021	5.0	\$ 240,195	\$ 52,598
Assumption and Method Changes	7/1/2021	15.0	\$ (1,535,831)	\$ (138,879)
Total			\$ 26,647,597	\$ 1,641,085

Section V. Assets

Asset Allocation

The table below shows the amount of funds invested in each account as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020.

Assets Held by Category		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020
Cash and Deposits	\$	507,057	\$	1,020,067
Receivables				
Contributions	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Income		38,370		35,069
Total Receivables	\$	38,370	\$	35,069
Investment				
Government Securities	\$	1,320,136	\$	332,554
Fixed Income		5,101,272		6,225,759
Equities		12,308,844		11,896,323
Alternative Investments		0		0
Other		0		0
Total Investments	\$	18,730,252	\$	18,454,636
Total Assets	\$	19,275,679	\$	19,509,772
Deveblee				
Payables	ድ	0	¢	0
Investment Expense	\$	0	\$	0
Benefits and Withdrawals		0		0
Administrative Expense	•	0	•	0
Total Payables	\$	0	\$	0
Net Position	\$	19,275,679	\$	19,509,772



Reconciliation of Assets

Below is a reconciliation of assets (unaudited) from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2020.

Plan Year Ending		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2020
1. Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$	18,449,645	\$	19,275,679
Adjustments to Market Value of Assets		0		0
Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$	18,449,645	\$	19,275,679
2. Additions				
a. Contributions				
(i) Local Government	\$	870,675	\$	771,122
(ii) State Government		463,895		500,554
(iii) Employee		191,084		220,835
(iv) Total		1,525,654		1,492,511
b. Receivable Contributions				
(i) Local Government		0		0
(ii) State Government		0		0
(iii) Employee Contributions		0		0
(iv) Total	-	0		0
c. Earnings on Investments				
(i) Net Appreciation/(Depreciation)		795,168		(23,292)
(ii) Net Realized Gain (Loss) on				
Sale/Exchange		(55,100)		200,572
(iii) Interest and Dividends		610,057		564,099
(iv) Other Income		0		0
(v) Investment Expense		(64,463)		(66,029)
(vi) Receivable Investment Income		38,370		35,069
(vii) Payable Investment Expenses	-	0		0
(viii) Net Investment Income		1,324,032		710,419
d. Other Revenue		0		0
e. Total Additions	\$	2,849,686	\$	2,202,930
3. Disbursements				
a. Benefit Payments	\$	1,969,072	\$	1,961,830
b. Withdrawals		54,560		0
c. Administrative Expenses				
(i) Municipal Fees		20		0
(ii) Other Expenses	-	0		7,007
(iii) Total Administrative Expenses		20		7,007
d. Payable Benefits and Withdrawals		0		0
e. Payable Administrative Expenses	•	0	•	0
f. Total Disbursements	\$	2,023,652	\$	1,968,837
4. Net Increase (2.e. – 3.f.)		826,034		234,093
5. Net Assets (1. + 4.)	\$	19,275,679	\$	19,509,772
6. Rate of Return Net of Investment Fees		- 004		• - •/
(2I / [A + B – I] Method ³)		7.3%		3.7%

³ A = beginning-of-year market value of assets, B = end-of-year market value of assets, I = investment return during the year



(Gain)/Loss on Market Value of Assets for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020

MVA (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020	
Mark	et Value of Assets (MVA)	
a.	MVA as of 7/1/2019	\$ 19,275,679
b.	Interest on a. to 6/30/2020	963,784
с.	Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2020	1,529,369
d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2020	2,010,278
e.	Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2020	7,180
f.	Expected MVA at 6/30/2020 (a. + b. + c d e.)	19,751,374
g.	Actual MVA at 6/30/2020	19,509,772
ĥ.	MVA (Gain)/Loss (f g.)	241,602

Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

The actuarial asset value as of July 1, 2020 is determined by spreading the asset gain or loss for each year over a four-year period. The asset gain or loss is the amount by which the actual asset return differs from the expected asset return on a market-value basis.

					July 1, 2020
1.	Market Va	alue of Assets	;		\$ 19,509,772
2.	Spreading	g of Investme	nt (Gains)/Losse	S	
	Fiscal Year		(Gain)/Loss	% Deferred	Amount Deferred
	2020	\$	241,602	75%	\$ 181,202
	2019		0	50%	0
	2018		0	25%	0
	а.	Total Deferre	d		181,202
3.	Actuarial	Value of Asse	ets (1. + 2.a.)		\$ 19,690,974
4.		eturn Net of I B – I] Method	nvestment Fees		4.68%

Section VI. Experience (Gain)/Loss

Experience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020

Ex	per	ience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020	
1.	Lia	bilities	
	a.	Actuarial Accrued Liability as of 7/1/2019	\$ 45,400,489
	b.	Normal Cost as of 7/1/2019	1,027,388
	C.	Interest on a. and b. to 6/30/2020	2,321,394
	d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2020	2,010,278
	e.	Effect of Plan Changes	215,368
	f.	Effect of Assumption Changes	(1,793,716)
	g.	Expected Liability at 7/1/2020 (a. + b. + c d. + e. + f.)	45,160,645
	h.	Actual Liability at 7/1/2020	45,623,459
	i.	Liability (Gain)/Loss (h g.)	462,814
2.		tuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	
	a.	AVA as of 7/1/2019	\$ 19,275,679
	b.	Interest on a. to 6/30/2020	963,784
	c.	Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2020	1,529,369
	d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2020	2,010,278
	e.	Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2020	7,180
	f.	Expected AVA at 6/30/2020 (a. + b. + c. – d. – e.)	19,751,374
	g.	Actual AVA at 6/30/2020	19,690,974
	ĥ.	AVA (Gain)/Loss (f g.)	60,400
3.	То	tal (Gain)/Loss (1i. + 2h.)	\$ 523,214

The gains and losses shown are only for liability and asset gains and losses. Any change in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability from funding more or less than needed to cover Normal Cost and interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is a separate amount.



Section VII. Risk Measures

Risk Measures

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan.

Risk Measure	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2020	Conservative Measures
Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL	65.7%	65.1%	73.0%	<50%
Assets (MVA) to Payroll	8.1	8.4	7.4	<5
Liabilities to Payroll	21.4	19.7	17.3	<5
Benefit Payments to Contributions	1.4	1.3	1.3	<3

The use of payroll in these risk measures is an easily available substitute for the employer's revenue and often reflects the employer's ability to afford the plan.

The current *Assets to Payroll* of 7.4 indicates that a 1% asset gain/loss is about 7.4% of the annual payroll. Similarly, the current *Liabilities to Payroll* of 17.3 indicates that a 1% change in liability is about 17.3% of the annual payroll.

If the plan or employer were interested in doing more quantitative assessments of risks, the following are examples of analyses that could be performed:

- Scenario Test: A process for assessing the impact of one possible event, or several simultaneously or sequentially occurring possible events, on a plan's financial condition. For example, the effect of a layoff or reduction in workforce, or early retirement program.
- Sensitivity Test: A process for assessing the impact of a change in an actuarial assumption on an actuarial measurement. This could be a decrease in the valuation discount rate or a change in future life expectancies.
- Stochastic Modeling: A process for generating numerous potential outcomes by allowing for random variations in one or more inputs over time for the purpose of assessing the distribution of those outcomes. This analysis could show a range of potential future contribution levels and the likelihood of contributions increasing to a certain level.
- Stress Test: A process for assessing the impact of adverse changes in one or relatively few factors affecting a plan's financial condition. For example, a stress test could show the impact of a single year or period of several years with significant investment losses.

Section VIII. Projections for Premium Tax and COLA Eligibility

Table 1 – Open Group Projection (Determines Eligibility for Premium Tax Allocation)

	1

	Number	r (BOY)						Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2020	42	59	\$2,297,191	\$19,275,679	\$1,961,830	\$7,007	\$771,122	\$220,835	\$500,554	\$710,419	\$19,509,772	\$19,690,974	\$45,623,459	\$25,932,485	\$26,647,594	42.76%
2021	36	64	\$2,085,261	\$19,509,772	\$2,118,840	\$3,602	\$825,096	\$171,582	\$518,795	\$912,466	\$19,815,269	\$19,936,070	\$46,652,673	\$26,716,603	\$27,421,287	42.47%
2022	36	64	\$2,133,023	\$19,815,269	\$2,236,403	\$3,692	\$882,853	\$177,469	\$520,888	\$925,758	\$20,082,142	\$20,142,543	\$47,629,969	\$27,487,426	\$28,148,838	42.16%
2023	36	64	\$2,111,398	\$20,082,142	\$2,207,925	\$3,784	\$944,653	\$179,333	\$524,976	\$940,692	\$20,460,087	\$20,460,087	\$48,672,194	\$28,212,107	\$28,857,205	42.04%
2024	36	65	\$2,214,985	\$20,460,087	\$2,720,982	\$3,917	\$1,010,779	\$192,343	\$547,966	\$948,994	\$20,435,270	\$20,435,270	\$49,292,475	\$28,857,205	\$29,474,457	41.46%
2025	36	65	\$2,291,872	\$20,435,270	\$3,019,958	\$4,015	\$1,081,534	\$200,922	\$561,512	\$942,975	\$20,198,240	\$20,198,240	\$49,672,697	\$29,474,457	\$30,075,402	40.66%
2026	36	66	\$2,417,971	\$20,198,240	\$2,582,819	\$4,156	\$1,157,241	\$214,163	\$575,397	\$944,389	\$20,502,455	\$20,502,455	\$50,577,857	\$30,075,402	\$30,644,483	40.54%
2027	36	65	\$2,515,709	\$20,502,455	\$2,739,225	\$4,218	\$1,238,248	\$224,200	\$590,784	\$957,664	\$20,769,908	\$20,769,908	\$51,414,391	\$30,644,483	\$31,170,603	40.40%
2028	36	65	\$2,611,392	\$20,769,908	\$3,367,900	\$4,323	\$1,324,925	\$234,763	\$609,244	\$958,324	\$20,524,941	\$20,524,941	\$51,695,544	\$31,170,603	\$31,662,459	39.70%
2029	36	65	\$2,746,917	\$20,524,941	\$2,717,521	\$4,431	\$1,417,670	\$248,378	\$626,723	\$964,860	\$21,060,620	\$21,060,620	\$52,723,079	\$31,662,459	\$32,064,608	39.95%
2030	36	65	\$2,775,278	\$21,060,620	\$3,033,267	\$4,542	\$1,516,907	\$253,877	\$646,500	\$985,813	\$21,425,908	\$21,425,908	\$53,490,516	\$32,064,608	\$32,388,568	40.06%
2031	36	66	\$2,863,863	\$21,425,908	\$2,809,739	\$4,702	\$1,623,090	\$266,183	\$662,475	\$1,011,564	\$22,174,779	\$22,174,779	\$54,563,347	\$32,388,568	\$32,652,889	40.64%
2032	36	67	\$3,022,288	\$22,174,779	\$2,996,222	\$4,867	\$1,736,706	\$282,586	\$678,849	\$1,046,190	\$22,918,021	\$22,918,021	\$55,570,910	\$32,652,889	\$32,832,934	41.24%
2033	36	66	\$3,146,786	\$22,918,021	\$3,022,853	\$4,940	\$1,858,275	\$294,823	\$697,463	\$1,084,446	\$23,825,235	\$23,825,235	\$56,658,169	\$32,832,934	\$32,911,560	42.05%
2034	36	66	\$3,271,326	\$23,825,235	\$3,003,273	\$5,064	\$1,988,354	\$306,716	\$719,572	\$1,131,847	\$24,963,387	\$24,963,387	\$57,874,947	\$32,911,560	\$32,886,023	43.13%
2035	36	66	\$3,417,087	\$24,963,387	\$3,553,454	\$5,191	\$2,127,539	\$320,671	\$740,279	\$1,177,072	\$25,770,303	\$25,770,303	\$58,656,326	\$32,886,023	\$32,711,027	43.93%
2036	36	65	\$3,530,784	\$25,770,303	\$3,191,947	\$5,269	\$2,276,467	\$333,143	\$782,266	\$1,228,659	\$27,193,622	\$27,193,622	\$59,904,649	\$32,711,027	\$32,365,706	45.39%
2037	36	66	\$3,604,929	\$27,193,622	\$3,082,506	\$5,454	\$2,435,820	\$342,125	\$810,107	\$1,303,436	\$28,997,150	\$28,997,150	\$61,362,856	\$32,365,706	\$31,865,183	47.26%
2038	36	66	\$3,759,797	\$28,997,150	\$3,274,740	\$5,590	\$2,606,327	\$356,995	\$830,113	\$1,389,409	\$30,899,664	\$30,899,664	\$62,764,847	\$31,865,183	\$31,138,500	49.23%
2039	36	65	\$3,842,498	\$30,899,664	\$3,205,340	\$5,674	\$2,788,770	\$365,055	\$870,899	\$1,486,835	\$33,200,209	\$33,200,209	\$64,338,709	\$31,138,500	\$30,207,923	51.60%
2040	36	66	\$3,992,897	\$33,200,209	\$3,244,604	\$5,873	\$2,983,984	\$379,330	\$892,399	\$1,600,607	\$35,806,052	\$35,806,052	\$66,013,975	\$30,207,923	\$29,076,320	54.24%
2041	36	65	\$4,197,671	\$35,806,052	\$3,737,545	\$5,961	\$3,192,863	\$398,868	\$914,435	\$1,718,691	\$38,287,403	\$38,287,403	\$67,363,723	\$29,076,320	\$27,678,411	56.84%
2042	36	64	\$4,284,630	\$38,287,403	\$3,569,783	\$6,050	\$3,416,363	\$407,263	\$937,023	\$1,846,465	\$41,318,684	\$41,318,684	\$68,997,095	\$27,678,411	\$25,992,314	59.88%
2043	36	64	\$4,462,963	\$41,318,684	\$3,424,996	\$6,201	\$3,655,508	\$424,127	\$986,674	\$2,001,021	\$44,954,817	\$44,954,817	\$70,947,131	\$25,992,314	\$23,993,857	63.36%
2044	36	64	\$4,614,428	\$44,954,817	\$4,011,573	\$6,356	\$3,911,394	\$438,552	\$1,011,059	\$2,166,882	\$48,464,775	\$48,464,775	\$72,458,632	\$23,993,857	\$21,619,451	66.89%
2045	36	63	\$4,706,554	\$48,464,775	\$3,704,987	\$6,450	\$4,185,192	\$447,382	\$1,046,299	\$2,348,261	\$52,780,472	\$52,780,472	\$74,399,923	\$21,619,451	\$18,829,812	70.94%
2046	36	64	\$4,880,221	\$52,780,472	\$3,636,952	\$6,678	\$4,478,155	\$463,814	\$1,116,055	\$2,563,749	\$57,758,615	\$57,758,615	\$76,588,427	\$18,829,812	\$15,621,247	75.41%
2047	36	64	\$5,089,500	\$57,758,615	\$4,231,282	\$6,845	\$4,791,626	\$483,676	\$1,160,255	\$2,795,118	\$62,751,163	\$62,751,163	\$78,372,410	\$15,621,247	\$11,914,719	80.07%
2048	36	63	\$5,269,623	\$62,751,163	\$3,829,361	\$6,946	\$5,127,040	\$500,821	\$1,229,142	\$3,051,589	\$68,823,448	\$68,823,448	\$80,738,167	\$11,914,719	\$7,707,177	85.24%
2049	36	63	\$5,479,027	\$68,823,448	\$3,913,236	\$7,120	\$5,485,933	\$520,695	\$1,265,013	\$3,347,783	\$75,522,516	\$75,522,516	\$83,229,693	\$7,707,177	\$2,523,549	90.74%
2050	36	62	\$5,680,679	\$75,522,516	\$4,552,288	\$7,224	\$5,869,948	\$539,864	\$1,715,170	\$3,671,017	\$82,759,003	\$82,759,003	\$85,282,552	\$2,523,549	-	97.04%
2051	36	62	\$5,854,635	\$82,759,003	\$4,192,820	\$7,405	\$4,809,805	\$556,442	-	\$3,958,424	\$87,883,449	\$87,883,449	\$87,883,449	-	-	100.00%
2052	36	62	\$6,035,893	\$87,883,449	\$4,247,612	\$7,590	\$2,293,451	\$573,675	-	\$4,141,879	\$90,637,252	\$90,637,252	\$90,637,252	-	-	100.00%
2053	36	62	\$6,263,701	\$90,637,252	\$4,540,303	\$7,780	\$2,379,256	\$595,275	-	\$4,268,331	\$93,332,031	\$93,332,031	\$93,332,031	-	-	100.00%
2054	36	62	\$6,501,750	\$93,332,031	\$4,490,839	\$7,975	\$2,469,669	\$617,903	-	\$4,400,143	\$96,320,932	\$96,320,932	\$96,320,932	-	-	100.00%
2055	36	62	\$6,725,926	\$96,320,932	\$4,673,041	\$8,174	\$2,555,082	\$639,228	-	\$4,540,340	\$99,374,367	\$99,374,367	\$99,374,367	-	-	100.00%
2056	36	62	\$6,961,643	\$99,374,367	\$4,837,570	\$8,378	\$2,644,765	\$661,623	-	\$4,684,142	\$102,518,949	\$102,518,949	\$102,518,949	-	-	100.00%
2057	36	62	\$7,211,596	\$102,518,949	\$5,049,740	\$8,587	\$2,739,463	\$685,373	-	\$4,831,305	\$105,716,763	\$105,716,763	\$105,716,763	-	-	100.00%
2058	36	62	\$7,457,217	\$105,716,763	\$5,036,318	\$8,802	\$2,830,496	\$708,734	-	\$4,986,196	\$109,197,069	\$109,197,069	\$109,197,069	-	-	100.00%
2059	36	62	\$7,717,770	\$109,197,069	\$5,211,282	\$9,022	\$2,928,518	\$733,486	-	\$5,150,281	\$112,789,050	\$112,789,050	\$112,789,050	-	-	100.00%
2060	36	63	\$7,965,212	\$112,789,050	\$5,516,225	\$9,342	\$3,022,661	\$757,026	-	\$5,316,496	\$116,359,666	\$116,359,666	\$116,359,666	-	-	100.00%
2061	36	63	\$8,261,468	\$116,359,666	\$5,617,065	\$9,576	\$3,134,327	\$785,149	-	\$5,487,009	\$120,139,510	\$120,139,510	\$120,139,510	-	-	100.00%



Table 2 – Closed Group Projection (Determines Whether COLA is Granted)

	Number	r (BOY)						Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2020	42	59	\$2,297,191	\$19,275,679	\$1,961,830	\$7,007	\$771,122	\$220,835	\$500,554	\$710,419	\$19,509,772	\$19,690,974	\$45,623,459	\$25,932,485	\$26,647,594	42.76%
2021	36	64	\$2,085,261	\$19,509,772	\$2,118,840	\$3,602	\$825,096	\$171,582	\$518,795	\$912,466	\$19,815,269	\$19,936,070	\$46,652,673	\$26,716,603	\$27,367,746	42.47%
2022	34	64	\$1,977,405	\$19,815,269	\$2,235,783	\$3,692	\$882,853	\$163,534	\$520,888	\$925,446	\$20,068,515	\$20,128,916	\$47,562,800	\$27,433,884	\$27,974,213	42.19%
2023	32	64	\$1,779,324	\$20,068,515	\$2,205,227	\$3,707	\$944,653	\$149,192	\$524,976	\$939,402	\$20,417,804	\$20,417,804	\$48,455,287	\$28,037,483	\$28,451,457	42.14%
2024	28	65	\$1,613,626	\$20,417,804	\$2,714,597	\$3,681	\$1,010,779	\$136,973	\$547,966	\$945,842	\$20,341,086	\$20,341,086	\$48,792,543	\$28,451,457	\$28,766,615	41.69%
2025	26	65	\$1,528,990	\$20,341,086	\$3,008,772	\$3,692	\$1,081,534	\$130,594	\$561,512	\$937,121	\$20,039,383	\$20,039,383	\$48,805,998	\$28,766,615	\$28,972,624	41.06%
2026	24	66	\$1,447,803	\$20,039,383	\$2,565,613	\$3,743	\$1,157,241	\$124,435	\$575,397	\$935,150	\$20,262,250	\$20,262,250	\$49,234,874	\$28,972,624	\$29,070,562	41.15%
2027	23	65	\$1,391,033	\$20,262,250	\$2,714,082	\$3,751	\$1,238,248	\$120,096	\$590,784	\$944,412	\$20,437,957	\$20,437,957	\$49,508,519	\$29,070,562	\$29,037,798	41.28%
2028	22	65	\$1,314,841	\$20,437,957	\$3,316,550	\$3,801	\$1,324,925	\$114,420	\$609,244	\$940,949	\$20,107,144	\$20,107,144	\$49,144,942	\$29,037,798	\$28,874,939	40.91%
2029	20	65	\$1,264,887	\$20,107,144	\$2,672,554	\$3,806	\$1,417,670	\$110,589	\$626,723	\$942,850	\$20,528,616	\$20,528,616	\$49,403,555	\$28,874,939	\$28,542,059	41.55%
2030	20	64	\$1,162,369	\$20,528,616	\$2,949,169	\$3,855	\$1,516,907	\$103,231	\$646,500	\$958,997	\$20,801,227	\$20,801,227	\$49,343,286	\$28,542,059	\$28,000,436	42.16%
2031	17	66	\$1,010,018	\$20,801,227	\$2,728,158	\$3,904	\$1,623,090	\$91,753	\$662,475	\$979,731	\$21,426,214	\$21,426,214	\$49,426,650	\$28,000,436	\$27,265,696	43.35%
2032	15	66	\$931,456	\$21,426,214	\$2,872,329	\$3,905	\$1,736,706	\$85,356	\$678,849	\$1,008,935	\$22,059,826	\$22,059,826	\$49,325,522	\$27,265,696	\$26,332,544	44.72%
2033	14	66	\$881,205	\$22,059,826	\$2,874,222	\$3,953	\$1,858,275	\$80,959	\$697,463	\$1,042,173	\$22,860,521	\$22,860,521	\$49,193,065	\$26,332,544	\$25,172,033	46.47%
2034	13	65	\$817,739	\$22,860,521	\$2,826,919	\$3,951	\$1,988,354	\$75,059	\$719,572	\$1,084,751	\$23,897,387	\$23,897,387	\$49,069,420	\$25,172,033	\$23,772,396	48.70%
2035	12	65	\$766,470	\$23,897,387	\$3,234,410	\$3,998	\$2,127,539	\$70,342	\$740,279	\$1,128,078	\$24,725,217	\$24,725,217	\$48,497,613	\$23,772,396	\$22,084,613	50.98%
2036	11	64	\$695,955	\$24,725,217	\$2,925,930	\$3,992	\$2,276,467	\$64,722	\$782,266	\$1,178,991	\$26,097,741	\$26,097,741	\$48,182,354	\$22,084,613	\$20,076,371	54.16%
2037	9	64	\$580,868	\$26,097,741	\$2,815,472	\$3,983	\$2,435,820	\$54,952	\$810,107	\$1,250,944	\$27,830,109	\$27,830,109	\$47,906,480	\$20,076,371	\$17,734,152	58.09%
2038	7	64	\$485,638	\$27,830,109	\$2,918,750	\$3,971	\$2,606,327	\$45,997	\$830,113	\$1,335,069	\$29,724,894	\$29,724,894	\$47,459,046	\$17,734,152	\$15,006,165	62.63%
2039	6	63	\$388,391	\$29,724,894	\$2,834,050	\$3,956	\$2,788,770	\$36,872	\$870,899	\$1,432,086	\$32,015,515	\$32,015,515	\$47,021,680	\$15,006,165	\$11,877,568	68.09%
2040	5	63	\$288,420	\$32,015,515	\$2,821,507	\$3,996	\$2,983,984	\$27,366	\$892,399	\$1,546,048	\$34,639,809	\$34,639,809	\$46,517,377	\$11,877,568	\$8,346,153	74.47%
2041	4	62	\$249,572	\$34,639,809	\$3,087,635	\$3,975	\$3,192,863	\$23,718	\$914,435	\$1,669,790	\$37,349,005	\$37,349,005	\$45,695,158	\$8,346,153	\$4,372,470	81.74%
2042	3	61	\$192,916	\$37,349,005	\$2,936,850	\$3,951	\$3,416,363	\$18,382	\$937,023	\$1,807,669	\$40,587,641	\$40,587,641	\$44,960,111	\$4,372,470	-	90.27%
2043	2	60	\$138,556	\$40,587,641	\$2,799,056	\$3,923	\$3,655,508	\$13,170	\$881,750	\$1,968,933	\$44,304,023	\$44,304,023	\$44,304,023	-	-	100.00%
2044	2	58	\$128,315	\$44,304,023	\$3,043,660	\$3,891	\$58,825	\$12,194	-	\$2,034,569	\$43,362,060	\$43,362,060	\$43,362,060	-	-	100.00%
2045	2	57	\$74,467	\$43,362,060	\$2,786,970	\$3,922	\$36,798	\$7,132	-	\$1,995,214	\$42,610,312	\$42,610,312	\$42,610,312	-	-	100.00%
2046	0	56	\$18,133	\$42,610,312	\$2,636,924	\$3,816	\$12,190	\$1,729	-	\$1,962,327	\$41,945,818	\$41,945,818	\$41,945,818	-	-	100.00%
2047	0	54	\$8,394	\$41,945,818	\$2,864,010	\$3,772	\$7,780	\$799	-	\$1,925,308	\$41,011,923	\$41,011,923	\$41,011,923	-	-	100.00%
2048	0	53	\$5,242	\$41,011,923	\$2,544,357	\$3,795	\$6,402	\$499	-	\$1,888,412	\$40,359,084	\$40,359,084	\$40,359,084	-	-	100.00%
2049	0	51	\$3,393	\$40,359,084	\$2,477,919	\$3,743	\$5,501	\$323	-	\$1,858,937	\$39,742,183	\$39,742,183	\$39,742,183	-	-	100.00%
2050	0	49	-	\$39,742,183	\$2,719,236	\$3,686	\$3,686	-	-	\$1,823,921	\$38,846,868	\$38,846,868	\$38,846,868	-	-	100.00%
2051	0	48	-	\$38,846,868	\$2,390,256	\$3,701	\$3,701	-	-	\$1,789,116	\$38,245,728	\$38,245,728	\$38,245,728	-	-	100.00%
2052	0	46	-	\$38,245,728	\$2,327,570	\$3,635	\$3,635	-	-	\$1,762,034	\$37,680,192	\$37,680,192	\$37,680,192	-	-	100.00%
2053	0	44	-	\$37,680,192	\$2,248,595	\$3,564	\$3,564	-	-	\$1,737,025	\$37,168,622	\$37,168,622	\$37,168,622	-	-	100.00%
2054	0	43	-	\$37,168,622	\$2,180,145	\$3,570	\$3,570	-	-	\$1,714,332	\$36,702,809	\$36,702,809	\$36,702,809	-	-	100.00%
2055	0	41	-	\$36,702,809	\$2,122,268	\$3,489	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,693,564	\$36,274,105	\$36,274,105	\$36,274,105	-	-	100.00%
2056	0	40	-	\$36,274,105	\$2,045,903	\$3,489	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,674,993	\$35,903,195	\$35,903,195	\$35,903,195	-	-	100.00%
2057	0	38	-	\$35,903,195	\$1,981,203	\$3,397	\$3,397	-	-	\$1,658,894	\$35,580,886	\$35,580,886	\$35,580,886	-	-	100.00%
2058	0	37	-	\$35,580,886	\$1,917,410	\$3,390	\$3,390	-	-	\$1,645,082	\$35,308,558	\$35,308,558	\$35,308,558	-	-	100.00%
2059	0	35	-	\$35,308,558	\$1,854,472	\$3,287	\$3,287	-	-	\$1,633,624	\$35,087,710	\$35,087,710	\$35,087,710	-	-	100.00%
2060	0	34	-	\$35,087,710	\$1,792,262	\$3,273	\$3,273	-	-	\$1,624,594	\$34,920,042	\$34,920,042	\$34,920,042	-	-	100.00%
2061	0	33	-	\$34,920,042	\$1,730,425	\$3,256	\$3,256	-	-	\$1,618,081	\$34,807,698	\$34,807,698	\$34,807,698	-	-	100.00%



Section IX. Funding Policy Change Analysis

Funding Policy Options

For plans using the Alternative funding policy, West Virginia Code §8-22-20 requires the actuarial valuation report to provide an evaluation of the plan and to assess advantages of changing to other funding policies. The other funding policies available to this plan are the Optional and Conservation policies. The Optional funding policy is defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(e)(1) and is effective for plan years beginning after January 1, 2010. The Conservation funding policy is defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(f)(1) and is effective for plan years beginning after January 1, 2010. The plan years beginning after April 1, 2011.

If the municipality were to choose to fund using the Optional funding policy in lieu of the Alternative policy, then the following conditions would apply to the plan:

- The required total contribution to the plan, including the premium tax allocation and employee contributions, would equal the normal cost plus a layered amortization of the unfunded accrued liability).
- The pension and relief fund would close to newly-hired police officers or firemen after the date of the change and new hires would join the statewide plan Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).
 - Employer contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
 - Employee contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
 - The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board can change the employer contribution and employee contribution rate to a percentage of pay between 8.5% and 10.5% as needed to maintain an actuarially sound pension plan.

If the municipality were to choose to fund using the Conservation funding policy in lieu of the Alternative policy, then the following conditions would apply to the plan:

- The plan assets would be segregated into two accounts, an accumulation account and a benefit payment account; the accounts would be funded as follows:
 - Until the plan is 100% funded, 1.5% of employee contributions would be deposited into the accumulation account.
 - An actuarially determined portion of the state premium tax allocation would be deposited into the accumulation account equal to the amount needed to fully fund the pension plan liabilities from the accumulation account 35 years from the date the Conservation policy was effective for the fund.
 - The municipality would contribute to the benefit payment account the current year benefit payments and expenses minus the remaining employee contributions and minus any state premium tax not allocated to the accumulation account.
- The pension and relief fund would close to newly-hired police officers or firemen after the date of the change and new hires would join the MPFRS
 - Employer contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
 - Employee contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay



 The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board can change the employer contribution and employee contribution rate to a percentage of pay between 8.5% and 10.5% as needed to maintain an actuarially sound pension plan.

As stated previously, the Alternative funding policy does not adhere to actuarial principles generally considered necessary to be classified as a reasonable funding method. An example of a reasonable funding method is one that develops a contribution as the sum of (1) the cost of the additional benefits earned by the employees for that year (i.e. the normal cost) and (2) a level dollar or level percentage of pay amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. The Optional funding policy achieves this goal, but the Conservation funding policy does not.

To help the municipality understand the impact of switching, we calculated the projected contributions, liabilities and assets over a 40-year period under two different scenarios. The first scenario assumes the municipality switches to either the Optional or Conservation funding policies in the next valuation year. The second scenario assumes the municipality switches to either the Optional or Conservation funding policies in the year that the contribution for that funding policy is projected to be the same or less than the contribution under the Alternative funding policy. The projections are provided on the following pages of this report.

Scenario 1 – Immediate Change

The following tables show the estimated contribution under the three funding policies in the next fiscal year and in 2061 assuming the municipality elects one of the new funding policies for the next fiscal year:

Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2022											
		Local Pla	ın	State Pla	an	Total					
Funding Policy	Funded Status	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay				
Alternative	43.2%	\$882,853	32.5%	N/A	N/A	\$882,853	32.5%				
Optional	43.2%	\$2,193,481	85.8%	\$13,228	8.5%	\$2,206,709	81.3%				
Conservation	43.2%	\$1,584,714	62.0%	\$13,228	8.5%	\$1,597,942	58.9%				

	Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2061											
		Local Pla	า	State Plai	า	Total						
Funding Policy	100% Funded Year	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay					
Alternative	2051	\$3,134,327	37.9%	N/A	N/A	\$3,134,327	37.9%					
Optional	2050	\$3,256	N/A	\$702,225	8.5%	\$705,481	8.5%					
Conservation	2040	\$3,256	N/A	\$702,225	8.5%	\$705,481	8.5%					



The projected year-by-year contribution requirements under the Optional and Conservation policies for the current plan are detailed in the projections in Tables 3 – 6 on the following pages. Please note, as more new hires enter the state plan in the future, the cost for the state plan will increase significantly.

Scenario 2 – Change When Fiscally Advantageous

The following tables show estimated contributions under the Optional and Conservation funding policies if the municipality switches to these funding policies in the year that the estimated contribution is smaller than the contribution under the Alternative funding policy. The first table shows the contribution in the year of the change in funding policy, while the second table shows the contribution at the end of the projection period (FYE 2061).

	Contribution Comparison for Fiscal Year of Change											
	Current Policy New Policy											
Funding Policy	Year of Change	Total (Local + State) Contribution in Year of Change	Total (Local + State) Contribution in Year of Change	New Policy Contribution Minus Alternative								
Optional	2042	\$3,416,363	\$3,304,867	\$(111,496)								
Conservation	2036	\$2,276,467	\$2,182,560	\$(93,907)								

	Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2061												
		Current Policy	New Policy	Difference									
Funding Policy	Funded Status	Total (Local + State) Contribution in FYE 2061	Total (Local + State) Contribution in FYE 2061	New Policy Contribution Minus Alternative									
Optional	100%	\$3,134,327	\$858,946	\$(2,275,381)									
Conservation	100%	\$3,134,327	\$712,763	\$(2,421,564)									

The projected year-by-year contribution requirements under the Optional and Conservation policies assume the municipality switches funding policies in the year that the new funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative policy contribution. If the "Year of Change" is "after 2061" then the new funding policy contribution is not projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution in the 40-year projection period. In this case, the *Difference* column is the amount that the Optional or Conservation funding policy contribution exceeds the Alternative contribution in 2061.

Table 3 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2022

	Numbe	r (BOY)			Assets										
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2020	42	59	\$19,275,679	\$1,961,830	\$7,007	\$771,122	\$220,835	\$500,554	\$710,419	\$19,509,772	\$19,690,974	\$45,623,459	\$25,932,485	\$26,647,594	43.16%
2021	36	64	\$19,509,772	\$2,118,840	\$3,602	\$825,096	\$171,582	\$518,795	\$912,466	\$19,815,269	\$19,936,070	\$46,652,673	\$26,716,603	\$26,026,352	42.73%
2022	34	64	\$19,815,269	\$2,235,783	\$3,692	\$2,193,481	\$163,534	\$520,888	\$956,212	\$21,409,909	\$21,470,310	\$47,562,800	\$26,092,490	\$25,605,999	45.14%
2023	32	64	\$21,409,909	\$2,205,227	\$3,707	\$1,885,667	\$149,192	\$524,976	\$1,025,208	\$22,786,018	\$22,786,018	\$48,455,287	\$25,669,269	\$25,156,113	47.02%
2024	28	65	\$22,786,018	\$2,714,597	\$3,681	\$1,806,735	\$136,973	\$547,966	\$1,077,016	\$23,636,430	\$23,636,430	\$48,792,543	\$25,156,113	\$24,612,304	48.44%
2025	26	65	\$23,636,430	\$3,008,772	\$3,692	\$1,767,861	\$130,594	\$561,512	\$1,109,761	\$24,193,694	\$24,193,694	\$48,805,998	\$24,612,304	\$24,042,666	49.57%
2026	24	66	\$24,193,694	\$2,565,613	\$3,743	\$1,722,294	\$124,435	\$575,397	\$1,145,744	\$25,192,208	\$25,192,208	\$49,234,874	\$24,042,666	\$23,501,065	51.17%
2027	23	65	\$25,192,208	\$2,714,082	\$3,751	\$1,634,317	\$120,096	\$590,784	\$1,187,882	\$26,007,454	\$26,007,454	\$49,508,519	\$23,501,065	\$22,933,738	52.53%
2028	22	65	\$26,007,454	\$3,316,550	\$3,801	\$1,588,744	\$114,420	\$609,244	\$1,211,693	\$26,211,204	\$26,211,204	\$49,144,942	\$22,933,738	\$22,339,464	53.33%
2029	20	65	\$26,211,204	\$2,672,554	\$3,806	\$1,555,897	\$110,589	\$626,723	\$1,236,038	\$27,064,091	\$27,064,091	\$49,403,555	\$22,339,464	\$21,716,961	54.78%
2030	20	64	\$27,064,091	\$2,949,169	\$3,855	\$1,496,573	\$103,231	\$646,500	\$1,268,954	\$27,626,325	\$27,626,325	\$49,343,286	\$21,716,961	\$21,064,889	55.99%
2031	17	66	\$27,626,325	\$2,728,158	\$3,904	\$1,414,249	\$91,753	\$662,475	\$1,299,021	\$28,361,761	\$28,361,761	\$49,426,650	\$21,064,889	\$20,381,844	57.38%
2032	15	66	\$28,361,761	\$2,872,329	\$3,905	\$1,364,315	\$85,356	\$678,849	\$1,329,631	\$28,943,678	\$28,943,678	\$49,325,522	\$20,381,844	\$19,666,354	58.68%
2033	14	66	\$28,943,678	\$2,874,222	\$3,953	\$1,326,122	\$80,959	\$697,463	\$1,356,664	\$29,526,711	\$29,526,711	\$49,193,065	\$19,666,354	\$18,916,877	60.02%
2034	13	65	\$29,526,711	\$2,826,919	\$3,951	\$1,277,366	\$75,059	\$719,572	\$1,384,705	\$30,152,543	\$30,152,543	\$49,069,420	\$18,916,877	\$18,131,801	61.45%
2035	12	65	\$30,152,543	\$3,234,410	\$3,998	\$1,236,769	\$70,342	\$740,279	\$1,404,287	\$30,365,812	\$30,365,812	\$48,497,613	\$18,131,801	\$17,309,433	62.61%
2036	11	64	\$30,365,812	\$2,925,930	\$3,992	\$1,169,118	\$64,722	\$782,266	\$1,420,925	\$30,872,921	\$30,872,921	\$48,182,354	\$17,309,433	\$16,302,528	64.08%
2037	9	64	\$30,872,921	\$2,815,472	\$3,983	\$1,235,831	\$54,952	\$810,107	\$1,449,596	\$31,603,952	\$31,603,952	\$47,906,480	\$16,302,528	\$15,254,642	65.97%
2038	7	64	\$31,603,952	\$2,918,750	\$3,971	\$1,166,535	\$45,997	\$830,113	\$1,480,528	\$32,204,404	\$32,204,404	\$47,459,046	\$15,254,642	\$14,163,542	67.86%
2039	6	63	\$32,204,404	\$2,834,050	\$3,956	\$1,074,351	\$36,872	\$870,899	\$1,509,618	\$32,858,138	\$32,858,138	\$47,021,680	\$14,163,542	\$13,026,894	69.88%
2040	5	63	\$32,858,138	\$2,821,507	\$3,996	\$998,616	\$27,366	\$892,399	\$1,539,467	\$33,490,483	\$33,490,483	\$46,517,377	\$13,026,894	\$11,836,256	72.00%
2041	4	62	\$33,490,483	\$3,087,635	\$3,975	\$959,115	\$23,718	\$914,435	\$1,562,761	\$33,858,902	\$33,858,902	\$45,695,158	\$11,836,256	\$10,589,063	74.10%
2042	3	61	\$33,858,902	\$2,936,850	\$3,951	\$914,386	\$18,382	\$937,023	\$1,583,156	\$34,371,048	\$34,371,048	\$44,960,111	\$10,589,063	\$9,282,628	76.45%
2043	2	60	\$34,371,048	\$2,799,056	\$3,923	\$843,387	\$13,170	\$986,674	\$1,610,095	\$35,021,395	\$35,021,395	\$44,304,023	\$9,282,628	\$7,914,136	79.05%
2044	2	58	\$35,021,395	\$3,043,660	\$3,891	\$815,682	\$12,194	\$1,011,059	\$1,635,145	\$35,447,924	\$35,447,924	\$43,362,060	\$7,914,136	\$6,480,641	81.75%
2045	2	57	\$35,447,924	\$2,786,970	\$3,922	\$758,414	\$7,132	\$1,046,299	\$1,660,794	\$36,129,671	\$36,129,671	\$42,610,312	\$6,480,641	\$4,979,055	84.79%
2046	0	56	\$36,129,671	\$2,636,924	\$3,816	\$664,051	\$1,729	\$1,116,055	\$1,695,997	\$36,966,763	\$36,966,763	\$41,945,818	\$4,979,055	\$3,406,144	88.13%
2047	0	54	\$36,966,763	\$2,864,010	\$3,772	\$615,440	\$799	\$1,160,255	\$1,730,304	\$37,605,779	\$37,605,779	\$41,011,923	\$3,406,144	\$1,758,520	91.69%
2048	0	53	\$37,605,779	\$2,544,357	\$3,795	\$545,175	\$499	\$1,229,142	\$1,768,121	\$38,600,564	\$38,600,564	\$40,359,084	\$1,758,520	\$32,634	95.64%
2049	0	51	\$38,600,564	\$2,477,919	\$3,743	\$508,402	\$323	\$1,265,013	\$1,816,909	\$39,709,549	\$39,709,549	\$39,742,183	\$32,634	-	99.92%
2050	0	49	\$39,709,549	\$2,719,236	\$3,686	\$3,686	-	\$33,400	\$1,823,155	\$38,846,868	\$38,846,868	\$38,846,868	-	-	100.00%
2051	0	48	\$38,846,868	\$2,390,256	\$3,701	\$3,701	-	-	\$1,789,116	\$38,245,728	\$38,245,728	\$38,245,728	-	-	100.00%
2052	0	46	\$38,245,728	\$2,327,570	\$3,635	\$3,636	-	-	\$1,762,033	\$37,680,192	\$37,680,192	\$37,680,192	-	-	100.00%
2053	0	44	\$37,680,192	\$2,248,595	\$3,564	\$3,564	-	-	\$1,737,025	\$37,168,622	\$37,168,622	\$37,168,622	-	-	100.00%
2054	0	43	\$37,168,622	\$2,180,145	\$3,570	\$3,570	-	-	\$1,714,332	\$36,702,809	\$36,702,809	\$36,702,809	-	-	100.00%
2055	0	41	\$36,702,809	\$2,122,268	\$3,489	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,693,564	\$36,274,105	\$36,274,105	\$36,274,105	-	-	100.00%
2056	0	40	\$36,274,105	\$2,045,903	\$3,489	\$3,488	-	-	\$1,674,994	\$35,903,195	\$35,903,195	\$35,903,195	-	-	100.00%
2057	0	38	\$35,903,195	\$1,981,203	\$3,397	\$3,397	-	-	\$1,658,894	\$35,580,886	\$35,580,886	\$35,580,886	-	-	100.00%
2058	0	37	\$35,580,886	\$1,917,410	\$3,390	\$3,390	-	-	\$1,645,082	\$35,308,558	\$35,308,558	\$35,308,558	-	-	100.00%
2059	0	35	\$35,308,558	\$1,854,472	\$3,287	\$3,287	-	-	\$1,633,624	\$35,087,710	\$35,087,710	\$35,087,710	-	-	100.00%
2060	0	34	\$35,087,710	\$1,792,262	\$3,273	\$3,273	-	-	\$1,624,594	\$34,920,042	\$34,920,042	\$34,920,042	-	-	100.00%
2061	0	33	\$34,920,042	\$1,730,425	\$3,256	\$3,256	-	-	\$1,618,081	\$34,807,698	\$34,807,698	\$34,807,698	-	-	100.00%



Table 3 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2022 (Cont.)

				Employer Contributions											
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Net Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Optional Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Employer Contrib.
2022	\$1,977,405	\$155,618	\$2,133,023	\$159,783	\$1,167,202	\$23,649	\$1,031,068	\$1,641,085	\$38,524	\$520,888	\$1,158,721	\$3,692	\$2,193,481	\$13,228	\$2,206,709
2023	\$1,779,324	\$332,074	\$2,111,398	\$145,770	\$849,878	\$16,529	\$720,637	\$1,647,622	\$38,677	\$524,976	\$1,161,323	\$3,707	\$1,885,667	\$28,226	\$1,913,893
2024	\$1,613,626	\$601,359	\$2,214,985	\$133,831	\$777,041	\$15,099	\$658,309	\$1,653,887	\$38,824	\$547,966	\$1,144,745	\$3,681	\$1,806,735	\$51,116	\$1,857,851
2025	\$1,528,990	\$762,882	\$2,291,872	\$127,599	\$740,058	\$14,377	\$626,836	\$1,659,880	\$38,965	\$561,512	\$1,137,333	\$3,692	\$1,767,861	\$64,845	\$1,832,706
2026	\$1,447,803	\$970,168	\$2,417,971	\$121,581	\$703,036	\$13,649	\$595,104	\$1,659,879	\$38,965	\$575,397	\$1,123,447	\$3,743	\$1,722,294	\$82,464	\$1,804,758
2027	\$1,391,033	\$1,124,676	\$2,515,709	\$117,341	\$680,460	\$13,219	\$576,338	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$590,784	\$1,054,228	\$3,751	\$1,634,317	\$95,597	\$1,729,914
2028	\$1,314,841	\$1,296,551	\$2,611,392	\$111,796	\$648,375	\$12,596	\$549,175	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$609,244	\$1,035,768	\$3,801	\$1,588,744	\$110,207	\$1,698,951
2029	\$1,264,887	\$1,482,030	\$2,746,917	\$108,053	\$629,612	\$12,243	\$533,802	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$626,723	\$1,018,289	\$3,806	\$1,555,897	\$125,973	\$1,681,870
2030	\$1,162,369	\$1,612,909	\$2,775,278	\$100,863	\$583,734	\$11,335	\$494,206	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$646,500	\$998,512	\$3,855	\$1,496,573	\$137,097	\$1,633,670
2031	\$1,010,018	\$1,853,845	\$2,863,863	\$89,649	\$507,645	\$9,812	\$427,808	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$662,475	\$982,537	\$3,904	\$1,414,249	\$157,577	\$1,571,826
2032	\$931,456	\$2,090,832	\$3,022,288	\$83,398	\$468,603	\$9,042	\$394,247	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$678,849	\$966,163	\$3,905	\$1,364,315	\$177,721	\$1,542,036
2033	\$881,205	\$2,265,581	\$3,146,786	\$79,102	\$445,130	\$8,592	\$374,620	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$697,463	\$947,549	\$3,953	\$1,326,122	\$192,574	\$1,518,696
2034	\$817,739	\$2,453,587	\$3,271,326	\$73,337	\$413,331	\$7,981	\$347,975	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$719,572	\$925,440	\$3,951	\$1,277,366	\$208,555	\$1,485,921
2035	\$766,470	\$2,650,617	\$3,417,087	\$68,729	\$389,243	\$7,524	\$328,038	\$1,607,282	\$37,730	\$740,279	\$904,733	\$3,998	\$1,236,769	\$225,302	\$1,462,071
2036	\$695,955	\$2,834,829	\$3,530,784	\$63,238	\$358,682	\$6,935	\$302,379	\$1,607,283	\$37,730	\$782,266	\$862,747	\$3,992	\$1,169,118	\$240,960	\$1,410,078
2037	\$580,868	\$3,024,061	\$3,604,929	\$53,692	\$302,652	\$5,844	\$254,804	\$1,746,161	\$40,990	\$810,107	\$977,044	\$3,983	\$1,235,831	\$257,045	\$1,492,876
2038	\$485,638	\$3,274,159	\$3,759,797	\$44,942	\$252,291	\$4,867	\$212,216	\$1,739,624	\$40,837	\$830,113	\$950,348	\$3,971	\$1,166,535	\$278,304	\$1,444,839
2039	\$388,391	\$3,454,107	\$3,842,498	\$36,026	\$199,434	\$3,836	\$167,244	\$1,733,360	\$40,690	\$870,899	\$903,151	\$3,956	\$1,074,351	\$293,599	\$1,367,950
2040	\$288,420	\$3,704,477	\$3,992,897	\$26,738	\$143,110	\$2,732	\$119,104	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$892,399	\$875,516	\$3,996	\$998,616	\$314,881	\$1,313,497
2041	\$249,572	\$3,948,099	\$4,197,671	\$23,174	\$122,502	\$2,332	\$101,660	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$914,435	\$853,480	\$3,975	\$959,115	\$335,588	\$1,294,703
2042	\$192,916	\$4,091,714	\$4,284,630	\$17,960	\$95,679	\$1,824	\$79,543	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$937,023	\$830,892	\$3,951	\$914,386	\$347,796	\$1,262,182
2043	\$138,556	\$4,324,407	\$4,462,963	\$12,868	\$69,756	\$1,335	\$58,223	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$986,674	\$781,241	\$3,923	\$843,387	\$367,575	\$1,210,962
2044	\$128,315	\$4,486,113	\$4,614,428	\$11,914	\$65,589	\$1,260	\$54,935	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$1,011,059	\$756,856	\$3,891	\$815,682	\$381,320	\$1,197,002
2045	\$74,467	\$4,632,087	\$4,706,554	\$6,968	\$39,090	\$754	\$32,876	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$1,046,299	\$721,616	\$3,922	\$758,414	\$393,727	\$1,152,141
2046	\$18,133	\$4,862,088	\$4,880,221	\$1,689	\$9,872	\$192	\$8,375	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$1,116,055	\$651,860	\$3,816	\$664,051	\$413,277	\$1,077,328
2047	\$8,394	\$5,081,106	\$5,089,500	\$781	\$4,697	\$92	\$4,008	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$1,160,255	\$607,660	\$3,772	\$615,440	\$431,894	\$1,047,334
2048	\$5,242	\$5,264,381	\$5,269,623	\$488	\$3,035	\$60	\$2,607	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$1,229,142	\$538,773	\$3,795	\$545,175	\$447,472	\$992,647
2049	\$3,393	\$5,475,634	\$5,479,027	\$316	\$2,033	\$40	\$1,757	\$1,727,366	\$40,549	\$1,265,013	\$502,902	\$3,743	\$508,402	\$465,429	\$973,831
2050	-	\$5,680,679	\$5,680,679	-	-	-	-	\$873,715	\$20,510	\$33,400	\$860,825	\$3,686	\$3,686	\$482,858	\$486,544
2051	-	\$5,854,635	\$5,854,635	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3,701	\$3,701	\$497,644	\$501,345
2052	-	\$6,035,893	\$6,035,893	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3,635	\$3,636	\$513,051	\$516,687
2053	-	\$6,263,701	\$6,263,701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3,564	\$3,564	\$532,415	\$535,979
2054	-	\$6,501,750	\$6,501,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3.570	\$3,570	\$552,649	\$556,219
2055	-	\$6,725,926	\$6,725,926	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	\$3,489	\$3,489	\$571,704	\$575,193
2056	-	\$6,961,643	\$6,961,643	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3,489	\$3,488	\$591,740	\$595,228
2057	-	\$7,211,596	\$7,211,596	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	\$3,397	\$3,397	\$612,986	\$616,383
2058	-	\$7,457,217	\$7,457,217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$3,390	\$3,390	\$633,863	\$637,253
2059		\$7,717,770	\$7,717,770	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	\$3,287	\$3,287	\$656,010	\$659,297
2060	-	\$7,965,212	\$7,965,212	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$3,273	\$3,273	\$677,043	\$680,316
2061	-	\$8,261,468	\$8,261,468		-	-		-	-	-	-	\$3,256	\$3,256	\$702,225	\$705,481



Table 4 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2022

	Number	r (BOY)		Assets										
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	Assets⁴ (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets ³ (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio ³
2020	42	59	\$2,297,191	\$19,275,679	\$1,961,830	\$7,007	\$771,122	\$220,835	\$500,554	\$710,419	\$19,509,772	\$45,623,459	\$26,113,687	42.76%
2021	36	64	\$2,085,261	\$19,509,772	\$2,118,840	\$3,602	\$825,096	\$171,582	\$518,795	\$912,466	\$19,815,269	\$46,652,673	\$26,837,404	42.47%
2022	34	64	\$1,977,405	\$19,815,269	\$2,235,783	\$3,692	\$1,584,714	\$163,534	\$520,888	\$941,922	\$20,786,852	\$47,562,800	\$26,775,948	43.70%
2023	32	64	\$1,779,324	\$20,786,852	\$2,205,227	\$3,707	\$1,561,456	\$149,192	\$524,976	\$988,002	\$21,801,544	\$48,455,287	\$26,653,743	44.99%
2024	28	65	\$1,613,626	\$21,801,544	\$2,714,597	\$3,681	\$2,057,543	\$136,973	\$547,966	\$1,036,142	\$22,861,890	\$48,792,543	\$25,930,653	46.86%
2025	26	65	\$1,528,990	\$22,861,890	\$3,008,772	\$3,692	\$2,343,293	\$130,594	\$561,512	\$1,086,478	\$23,971,303	\$48,805,998	\$24,834,695	49.12%
2026	24	66	\$1,447,803	\$23,971,303	\$2,565,613	\$3,743	\$1,891,241	\$124,435	\$575,397	\$1,139,147	\$25,132,167	\$49,234,874	\$24,102,707	51.05%
2027	23	65	\$1,391,033	\$25,132,167	\$2,714,082	\$3,751	\$2,027,818	\$120,096	\$590,784	\$1,194,268	\$26,347,300	\$49,508,519	\$23,161,219	53.22%
2028	22	65	\$1,314,841	\$26,347,300	\$3,316,550	\$3,801	\$2,616,410	\$114,420	\$609,244	\$1,251,960	\$27,618,983	\$49,144,942	\$21,525,959	56.20%
2029	20	65	\$1,264,887	\$27,618,983	\$2,672,554	\$3,806	\$1,958,021	\$110,589	\$626,723	\$1,312,347	\$28,950,303	\$49,403,555	\$20,453,252	58.60%
2030	20	64	\$1,162,369	\$28,950,303	\$2,949,169	\$3,855	\$2,220,729	\$103,231	\$646,500	\$1,375,549	\$30,343,288	\$49,343,286	\$18,999,998	61.49%
2031	17	66	\$1,010,018	\$30,343,288	\$2,728,158	\$3,904	\$1,992,984	\$91,753	\$662,475	\$1,441,662	\$31,800,100	\$49,426,650	\$17,626,550	64.34%
2032	15	66	\$931,456	\$31,800,100	\$2,872,329	\$3,905	\$2,126,001	\$85,356	\$678,849	\$1,510,833	\$33,324,905	\$49,325,522	\$16,000,617	67.56%
2033	14	66	\$881,205	\$33,324,905	\$2,874,222	\$3,953	\$2,112,971	\$80,959	\$697,463	\$1,583,243	\$34,921,366	\$49,193,065	\$14,271,699	70.99%
2034	13	65	\$817,739	\$34,921,366	\$2,826,919	\$3,951	\$2,048,505	\$75,059	\$719,572	\$1,659,053	\$36,592,685	\$49,069,420	\$12,476,735	74.57%
2035	12	65	\$766,470	\$36,592,685	\$3,234,410	\$3,998	\$2,439,284	\$70,342	\$740,279	\$1,738,422	\$38,342,604	\$48,497,613	\$10,155,009	79.06%
2036	11	64	\$695,955	\$38,342,604	\$2,925,930	\$3,992	\$2,093,373	\$64,722	\$782,266	\$1,821,519	\$40,174,562	\$48,182,354	\$8,007,792	83.38%
2037	9	64	\$580,868	\$40,174,562	\$2,815,472	\$3,983	\$1,963,109	\$54,952	\$810,107	\$1,908,496	\$42,091,771	\$47,906,480	\$5,814,709	87.86%
2038	7	64	\$485,638	\$42,091,771	\$2,918,750	\$3,971	\$2,053,896	\$45,997	\$830,113	\$1,999,530	\$44,098,586	\$47,459,046	\$3,360,460	92.92%
2039	6	63	\$388,391	\$44,098,586	\$2,834,050	\$3,956	\$1,936,061	\$36,872	\$870,899	\$2,094,820	\$46,199,232	\$47,021,680	\$822,448	98.25%
2040	5	63	\$288,420	\$46,199,232	\$2,821,507	\$3,996	\$72,455	\$27,366	\$892,399	\$2,151,428	\$46,517,377	\$46,517,377	-	100.00%
2041	4	62	\$249,572	\$46,517,377	\$3,087,635	\$3,975	\$105,635	\$23,718	-	\$2,140,038	\$45,695,158	\$45,695,158	-	100.00%
2042	3	61	\$192,916	\$45,695,158	\$2,936,850	\$3,951	\$83,494	\$18,382	-	\$2,103,878	\$44,960,111	\$44,960,111	-	100.00%
2043	2	60	\$138,556	\$44,960,111	\$2,799,056	\$3,923	\$62,146	\$13,170	-	\$2,071,575	\$44,304,023	\$44,304,023	-	100.00%
2044	2	58	\$128,315	\$44,304,023	\$3,043,660	\$3,891	\$58,825	\$12,194	-	\$2,034,569	\$43,362,060	\$43,362,060	-	100.00%
2045	2	57	\$74,467	\$43,362,060	\$2,786,970	\$3,922	\$36,798	\$7,132	-	\$1,995,214	\$42,610,312	\$42,610,312	-	100.00%
2046	0	56	\$18,133	\$42,610,312	\$2,636,924	\$3,816	\$12,190	\$1,729	-	\$1,962,327	\$41,945,818	\$41,945,818	-	100.00%
2047	0	54	\$8,394	\$41,945,818	\$2,864,010	\$3,772	\$7,780	\$799	-	\$1,925,308	\$41,011,923	\$41,011,923	-	100.00%
2048	0	53	\$5,242	\$41,011,923	\$2,544,357	\$3,795	\$6,402	\$499	-	\$1,888,412	\$40,359,084	\$40,359,084	-	100.00%
2049	0	51	\$3,393	\$40,359,084	\$2,477,919	\$3,743	\$5,501	\$323	-	\$1,858,937	\$39,742,183	\$39,742,183	-	100.00%
2050	0	49	-	\$39,742,183	\$2,719,236	\$3,686	\$3,686	-	-	\$1,823,921	\$38,846,868	\$38,846,868	-	100.00%
2051	0	48	-	\$38,846,868	\$2,390,256	\$3,701	\$3,701	-	-	\$1,789,116	\$38,245,728	\$38,245,728	-	100.00%
2052	0	46	-	\$38,245,728	\$2,327,570	\$3,635	\$3,635	-	-	\$1,762,034	\$37,680,192	\$37,680,192	-	100.00%
2053	0	44	-	\$37,680,192	\$2,248,595	\$3,564	\$3,564	-	-	\$1,737,025	\$37,168,622	\$37,168,622	-	100.00%
2054	0	43	-	\$37,168,622	\$2,180,145	\$3,570	\$3,570	-	-	\$1,714,332	\$36,702,809	\$36,702,809	-	100.00%
2055	0	41	-	\$36,702,809	\$2,122,268	\$3,489	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,693,564	\$36,274,105	\$36,274,105	-	100.00%
2056	0	40	-	\$36,274,105	\$2,045,903	\$3,489	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,674,993	\$35,903,195	\$35,903,195	-	100.00%
2057	0	38	-	\$35,903,195	\$1,981,203	\$3,397	\$3,397	-	-	\$1,658,894	\$35,580,886	\$35,580,886	-	100.00%
2058	0	37	-	\$35,580,886	\$1,917,410	\$3,390	\$3,390	-	-	\$1,645,082	\$35,308,558	\$35,308,558	-	100.00%
2059	0	35	-	\$35,308,558	\$1,854,472	\$3,287	\$3,287	-	-	\$1,633,624	\$35,087,710	\$35,087,710	-	100.00%
2060	0	34	-	\$35,087,710	\$1,792,262	\$3,273	\$3,273	-	-	\$1,624,594	\$34,920,042	\$34,920,042	-	100.00%
2061	0	33	-	\$34,920,042	\$1,730,425	\$3,256	\$3,256	-	-	\$1,618,081	\$34,807,698	\$34,807,698	-	100.00%



Table 4 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2022 (Cont.)

	Benefit Payment Account ⁵						Accumulation Account								
Year End June 30	Assets ⁶ (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	100.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Transfer (To)/From Accumulation Account	Assets⁵ (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	1.50% of Pay Employee Contrib.	0.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Employer Contrib.
2022	-	\$2,239,475	\$1,584,714	\$133,873	\$520,888	-	-	\$19,815,269	-	-	\$29,661	-	\$941,922	\$13,228	\$1,597,942
2023	-	\$2,208,934	\$1,561,456	\$122,502	\$524,976	-	-	\$20,786,852	-	-	\$26,690	-	\$988,002	\$28,226	\$1,589,682
2024	-	\$2,718,278	\$2,057,543	\$112,769	\$547,966	-	-	\$21,801,544	-	-	\$24,204	-	\$1,036,142	\$51,116	\$2,108,659
2025	-	\$3,012,464	\$2,343,293	\$107,659	\$561,512	-	-	\$22,861,890	-	-	\$22,935	-	\$1,086,478	\$64,845	\$2,408,138
2026	-	\$2,569,356	\$1,891,241	\$102,718	\$575,397	-	-	\$23,971,303	-	-	\$21,717	-	\$1,139,147	\$82,464	\$1,973,705
2027	-	\$2,717,833	\$2,027,818	\$99,231	\$590,784	-	-	\$25,132,167	-	-	\$20,865	-	\$1,194,268	\$95,597	\$2,123,415
2028	-	\$3,320,351	\$2,616,410	\$94,697	\$609,244	-	-	\$26,347,300	-	-	\$19,723	-	\$1,251,960	\$110,207	\$2,726,617
2029	-	\$2,676,360	\$1,958,021	\$91,616	\$626,723	-	-	\$27,618,983	-	-	\$18,973	-	\$1,312,347	\$125,973	\$2,083,994
2030	-	\$2,953,024	\$2,220,729	\$85,795	\$646,500	-	-	\$28,950,303	-	-	\$17,436	-	\$1,375,549	\$137,097	\$2,357,826
2031	-	\$2,732,062	\$1,992,984	\$76,603	\$662,475	-	-	\$30,343,288	-	-	\$15,150	-	\$1,441,662	\$157,577	\$2,150,561
2032	-	\$2,876,234	\$2,126,001	\$71,384	\$678,849	-	-	\$31,800,100	-	-	\$13,972	-	\$1,510,833	\$177,721	\$2,303,722
2033	-	\$2,878,175	\$2,112,971	\$67,741	\$697,463	-	-	\$33,324,905	-	-	\$13,218	-	\$1,583,243	\$192,574	\$2,305,545
2034	-	\$2,830,870	\$2,048,505	\$62,793	\$719,572	-	-	\$34,921,366	-	-	\$12,266	-	\$1,659,053	\$208,555	\$2,257,060
2035	-	\$3,238,408	\$2,439,284	\$58,845	\$740,279	-	-	\$36,592,685	-	-	\$11,497	-	\$1,738,422	\$225,302	\$2,664,586
2036	-	\$2,929,922	\$2,093,373	\$54,283	\$782,266	-	-	\$38,342,604	-	-	\$10,439	-	\$1,821,519	\$240,960	\$2,334,333
2037	-	\$2,819,455	\$1,963,109	\$46,239	\$810,107	-	-	\$40,174,562	-	-	\$8,713	-	\$1,908,496	\$257,045	\$2,220,154
2038	-	\$2,922,721	\$2,053,896	\$38,712	\$830,113	-	-	\$42,091,771	-	-	\$7,285	-	\$1,999,530	\$278,304	\$2,332,200
2039	-	\$2,838,006	\$1,936,061	\$31,046	\$870,899	-	-	\$44,098,586	-	-	\$5,826	-	\$2,094,820	\$293,599	\$2,229,660
2040	-	\$2,825,503	\$72,455	\$23,040	\$892,399	-	\$1,837,609	\$46,199,232	-	-	\$4,326	-	\$2,151,428	\$314,881	\$387,336
2041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$46,517,377	\$3,091,610	\$105,635	\$23,718	-	\$2,140,038	\$335,588	\$441,223
2042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$45,695,158	\$2,940,801	\$83,494	\$18,382	-	\$2,103,878	\$347,796	\$431,290
2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$44,960,111	\$2,802,979	\$62,146	\$13,170	-	\$2,071,575	\$367,575	\$429,721
2044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$44,304,023	\$3,047,551	\$58,825	\$12,194	-	\$2,034,569	\$381,320	\$440,145
2045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$43,362,060	\$2,790,892	\$36,798	\$7,132	-	\$1,995,214	\$393,727	\$430,525
2046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$42,610,312	\$2,640,740	\$12,190	\$1,729	-	\$1,962,327	\$413,277	\$425,467
2047	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$41,945,818	\$2,867,782	\$7,780	\$799	-	\$1,925,308	\$431,894	\$439,674
2048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$41,011,923	\$2,548,152	\$6,402	\$499	-	\$1,888,412	\$447,472	\$453,874
2049	-	-		-	-	-		\$40,359,084	\$2,481,662	\$5,501	\$323	-	\$1,858,937	\$465,429	\$470,930
2050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$39,742,183	\$2,722,922	\$3,686	-	-	\$1,823,921	\$482,858	\$486,544
2051	-	-		-	-	-		\$38,846,868	\$2,393,957	\$3,701	-	-	\$1,789,116	\$497,644	\$501,345
2052	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$38,245,728	\$2,331,205	\$3,635	-	-	\$1,762,034	\$513,051	\$516,686
2053	-	-	-	-		-	-	\$37,680,192	\$2,252,159	\$3,564	-	-	\$1,737,025	\$532,415	\$535,979
2054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$37,168,622	\$2,183,715	\$3,570	-	-	\$1,714,332	\$552,649	\$556,219
2055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$36,702,809	\$2,125,757	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,693,564	\$571,704	\$575,193
2056	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$36,274,105	\$2,049,392	\$3,489	-	-	\$1,674,993	\$591,740	\$595,229
2057	-	-	-	-	-	-		\$35,903,195	\$1,984,600	\$3,397	-	-	\$1,658,894	\$612,986	\$616,383
2058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$35,580,886	\$1,920,800	\$3,390	-	-	\$1,645,082	\$633,863	\$637,253
2059				-		-		\$35,308,558	\$1,857,759	\$3,287	-		\$1,633,624	\$656,010	\$659,297
2055				-		-	-	\$35,087,710	\$1,795,535	\$3,207	-		\$1,624,594	\$677,043	\$680,316
2061	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$34,920,042	\$1,733,681	\$3,256	-	-	\$1,618,081	\$702,225	\$705,481

⁵ Employer contributions paid from the City's General Fund are used to finance benefits not covered by the applicable employee contributions or premium tax allocation. ⁶ Market value of assets used.

Table 5 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2042

	Numbe	r (BOY)	Assets												
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio
2020	42	59	\$19,275,679	\$1,961,830	\$7,007	\$771,122	\$220,835	\$500,554	\$710,419	\$19,509,772	\$19,690,974	\$45,623,459	\$25,932,485	\$26,647,594	42.76%
2021	36	64	\$19,509,772	\$2,118,840	\$3,602	\$825,096	\$171,582	\$518,795	\$912,466	\$19,815,269	\$19,936,070	\$46,652,673	\$26,716,603	\$27,421,287	42.47%
2022	36	64	\$19,815,269	\$2,236,403	\$3,692	\$882,853	\$177,469	\$520,888	\$925,758	\$20,082,142	\$20,142,543	\$47,629,969	\$27,487,426	\$28,148,838	42.16%
2023	36	64	\$20,082,142	\$2,207,925	\$3,784	\$944,653	\$179,333	\$524,976	\$940,692	\$20,460,087	\$20,460,087	\$48,672,194	\$28,212,107	\$28,857,205	42.04%
2024	36	65	\$20,460,087	\$2,720,982	\$3,917	\$1,010,779	\$192,343	\$547,966	\$948,994	\$20,435,270	\$20,435,270	\$49,292,475	\$28,857,205	\$29,474,457	41.46%
2025	36	65	\$20,435,270	\$3,019,958	\$4,015	\$1,081,534	\$200,922	\$561,512	\$942,975	\$20,198,240	\$20,198,240	\$49,672,697	\$29,474,457	\$30,075,402	40.66%
2026	36	66	\$20,198,240	\$2,582,819	\$4,156	\$1,157,241	\$214,163	\$575,397	\$944,389	\$20,502,455	\$20,502,455	\$50,577,857	\$30,075,402	\$30,644,483	40.54%
2027	36	65	\$20,502,455	\$2,739,225	\$4,218	\$1,238,248	\$224,200	\$590,784	\$957,664	\$20,769,908	\$20,769,908	\$51,414,391	\$30,644,483	\$31,170,603	40.40%
2028	36	65	\$20,769,908	\$3,367,900	\$4,323	\$1,324,925	\$234,763	\$609,244	\$958,324	\$20,524,941	\$20,524,941	\$51,695,544	\$31,170,603	\$31,662,459	39.70%
2029	36	65	\$20,524,941	\$2,717,521	\$4,431	\$1,417,670	\$248,378	\$626,723	\$964,860	\$21,060,620	\$21,060,620	\$52,723,079	\$31,662,459	\$32,064,608	39.95%
2030	36	65	\$21,060,620	\$3,033,267	\$4,542	\$1,516,907	\$253,877	\$646,500	\$985,813	\$21,425,908	\$21,425,908	\$53,490,516	\$32,064,608	\$32,388,568	40.06%
2031	36	66	\$21,425,908	\$2,809,739	\$4,702	\$1,623,090	\$266,183	\$662,475	\$1,011,564	\$22,174,779	\$22,174,779	\$54,563,347	\$32,388,568	\$32,652,889	40.64%
2032	36	67	\$22,174,779	\$2,996,222	\$4,867	\$1,736,706	\$282,586	\$678,849	\$1,046,190	\$22,918,021	\$22,918,021	\$55,570,910	\$32,652,889	\$32,832,934	41.24%
2033	36	66	\$22,918,021	\$3,022,853	\$4,940	\$1,858,275	\$294,823	\$697,463	\$1,084,446	\$23,825,235	\$23,825,235	\$56,658,169	\$32,832,934	\$32,911,560	42.05%
2034	36	66	\$23,825,235	\$3,003,273	\$5,064	\$1,988,354	\$306,716	\$719,572	\$1,131,847	\$24,963,387	\$24,963,387	\$57,874,947	\$32,911,560	\$32,886,023	43.13%
2035	36	66	\$24,963,387	\$3,553,454	\$5,191	\$2,127,539	\$320,671	\$740,279	\$1,177,072	\$25,770,303	\$25,770,303	\$58,656,326	\$32,886,023	\$32,711,027	43.93%
2036	36	65	\$25,770,303	\$3,191,947	\$5,269	\$2,276,467	\$333,143	\$782,266	\$1,228,659	\$27,193,622	\$27,193,622	\$59,904,649	\$32,711,027	\$32,365,706	45.39%
2037	36	66	\$27,193,622	\$3,082,506	\$5,454	\$2,435,820	\$342,125	\$810,107	\$1,303,436	\$28,997,150	\$28,997,150	\$61,362,856	\$32,365,706	\$31,865,183	47.26%
2038	36	66	\$28,997,150	\$3,274,740	\$5,590	\$2,606,327	\$356,995	\$830,113	\$1,389,409	\$30,899,664	\$30,899,664	\$62,764,847	\$31,865,183	\$31,138,500	49.23%
2039	36	65	\$30,899,664	\$3,205,340	\$5,674	\$2,788,770	\$365,055	\$870,899	\$1,486,835	\$33,200,209	\$33,200,209	\$64,338,709	\$31,138,500	\$30,207,923	51.60%
2040	36	66	\$33,200,209	\$3,244,604	\$5,873	\$2,983,984	\$379,330	\$892,399	\$1,600,607	\$35,806,052	\$35,806,052	\$66,013,975	\$30,207,923	\$29,076,320	54.24%
2041	36	65	\$35,806,052	\$3,737,545	\$5,961	\$3,192,863	\$398,868	\$914,435	\$1,718,691	\$38,287,403	\$38,287,403	\$67,363,723	\$29,076,320	\$27,703,303	56.84%
2042	34	65	\$38,287,403	\$3,737,545	\$5,989	\$3,279,021	\$380,158	\$937,023	\$1,838,668	\$40,978,739	\$40,978,739	\$68,682,042	\$27,703,303	\$26,395,121	59.66%
2043	32	65	\$40,978,739	\$3,569,783	\$6,015	\$2,957,524	\$346,819	\$986,674	\$1,963,279	\$43,657,237	\$43,657,237	\$70,052,358	\$26,395,121	\$25,024,801	62.32%
2044	28	66	\$43,657,237	\$3,424,996	\$5,975	\$2,814,001	\$318,413	\$1,011,059	\$2,090,444	\$46,460,183	\$46,460,183	\$71,484,984	\$25,024,801	\$23,589,392	64.99%
2045	26	66	\$46,460,183	\$3,796,155	\$5,994	\$2,718,712	\$303,586	\$1,046,299	\$2,213,113	\$48,939,744	\$48,939,744	\$72,529,136	\$23,589,392	\$22,085,800	67.48%
2046	24	67	\$48,939,744	\$3,237,023	\$6,077	\$2,588,384	\$289,268	\$1,116,055	\$2,342,258	\$52,032,609	\$52,032,609	\$74,118,409	\$22,085,800	\$20,510,788	70.20%
2047	23	66	\$52,032,609	\$3,424,346	\$6,092	\$2,508,569	\$279,179	\$1,160,255	\$2,483,698	\$55,033,872	\$55,033,872	\$75,544,660	\$20,510,788	\$18,860,962	72.85%
2048	22	66	\$55,033,872	\$4,184,477	\$6,174	\$2,387,981	\$265,987	\$1,229,142	\$2,606,890	\$57,333,221	\$57,333,221	\$76,194,183	\$18,860,962	\$17,132,770	75.25%
2049	20	66	\$57,333,221	\$3,371,950	\$6,185	\$2,323,029	\$257,081	\$1,265,013	\$2,734,290	\$60,534,499	\$60,534,499	\$77,667,269	\$17,132,770	\$15,322,488	77.94%
2050	20	65	\$60,534,499	\$3,720,954	\$6,266	\$1,797,152	\$239,975	\$1,715,170	\$2,875,977	\$63,435,553	\$63,435,553	\$78,758,041	\$15,322,488	\$13,426,217	80.54%
2051	17	67	\$63,435,553	\$3,442,105	\$6,347	\$1,615,413	\$213,294	\$1,769,582	\$3,016,706	\$66,602,096	\$66,602,096	\$80,028,313	\$13,426,217	\$11,439,874	83.22%
2052	15	67	\$66,602,096	\$3,624,005	\$6,351	\$1,469,045	\$198,422	\$1,851,761	\$3,160,991	\$69,651,959	\$69,651,959	\$81,091,833	\$11,439,874	\$9,359,179	85.89%
2053	14	67	\$69,651,959	\$3,626,393	\$6,430	\$1,371,986	\$188,201	\$1,911,586	\$3,304,687	\$72,795,596	\$72,795,596	\$82,154,775	\$9,359,179	\$5,361,185	88.61%
2054	13	66	\$72,795,596	\$3,566,711	\$6,428	\$668,986	\$174,484	\$4,340,661	\$3,495,608	\$77,902,196	\$77,902,196	\$83,263,381	\$5,361,185	\$1,062,221	93.56%
2055	12	66	\$77,902,196	\$4,080,841	\$6,505	\$631,246	\$163,521	\$4,449,178	\$3,727,505	\$82,786,300	\$82,786,300	\$83,848,521	\$1,062,221	-	98.73%
2056	11	65	\$82,786,300	\$3,691,633	\$6,497	\$582,413	\$150,456	\$1,087,156	\$3,888,262	\$84,796,457	\$84,796,457	\$84,796,457	-	-	100.00%
2057	9	65	\$84,796,457	\$3,552,269	\$6,484	\$491,644	\$127,744	-	\$3,958,832	\$85,815,924	\$85,815,924	\$85,815,924	-	-	100.00%
2058	7	65	\$85,815,924	\$3,682,574	\$6,466	\$410,459	\$106,925	-	\$4,001,803	\$86,646,071	\$86,646,071	\$86,646,071	-	-	100.00%
2059	6	64	\$86,646,071	\$3,575,708	\$6,444	\$324,608	\$85,713	-	\$4,041,231	\$87,515,471	\$87,515,471	\$87,515,471	-	-	100.00%
2060	5	64	\$87,515,471	\$3,559,883	\$6,511	\$232,710	\$63,615	-	\$4,080,222	\$88,325,624	\$88,325,624	\$88,325,624	-	-	100.00%
2061	4	63	\$88,325,624	\$3,895,656	\$6,480	\$199,425	\$55,136	-	\$4,109,842	\$88,787,891	\$88,787,891	\$88,787,891	-	-	100.00%

Table 5 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2042 (Cont.)

				Employer Contributions									Contribution Comparison				
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Net Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Opt. Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Contrib. if Switch	Alt. Employer Contrib.	Final Employer Contrib. ⁷
2022	\$2,133,023	-	\$2,133,023	\$177,469	\$1,002,573	\$19,464	\$848,638	\$1,641,085	\$38,524	\$520,888	\$1,158,721	\$3,692	\$2,011,051	-	\$2,011,051	\$882,853	\$882,853
2023	\$2,111,398	-	\$2,111,398	\$179,333	\$992,417	\$19,183	\$836,380	\$1,726,850	\$40,537	\$524,976	\$1,242,411	\$3,784	\$2,082,575	-	\$2,082,575	\$944,653	\$944,653
2024	\$2,214,985	-	\$2,214,985	\$192,343	\$1,043,635	\$20,087	\$875,791	\$1,807,746	\$42,436	\$547,966	\$1,302,216	\$3,917	\$2,181,924	-	\$2,181,924	\$1,010,779	\$1,010,779
2025	\$2,291,872	-	\$2,291,872	\$200,922	\$1,078,453	\$20,708	\$902,847	\$1,892,086	\$44,416	\$561,512	\$1,374,990	\$4,015	\$2,281,852	-	\$2,281,852	\$1,081,534	\$1,081,534
2026	\$2,417,971	-	\$2,417,971	\$214,163	\$1,135,233	\$21,737	\$947,719	\$1,974,104	\$46,341	\$575,397	\$1,445,048	\$4,156	\$2,396,923	-	\$2,396,923	\$1,157,241	\$1,157,241
2027	\$2,515,709	-	\$2,515,709	\$224,200	\$1,181,492	\$22,593	\$985,027	\$2,060,756	\$48,375	\$590,784	\$1,518,347	\$4,218	\$2,507,592	-	\$2,507,592	\$1,238,248	\$1,238,248
2028	\$2,611,392	-	\$2,611,392	\$234,763	\$1,227,617	\$23,433	\$1,021,672	\$2,151,667	\$50,509	\$609,244	\$1,592,932	\$4,323	\$2,618,927	-	\$2,618,927	\$1,324,925	\$1,324,925
2029	\$2,746,917	-	\$2,746,917	\$248,378	\$1,291,943	\$24,631	\$1,073,893	\$2,246,799	\$52,742	\$626,723	\$1,672,818	\$4,431	\$2,751,142	-	\$2,751,142	\$1,417,670	\$1,417,670
2030	\$2,775,278	-	\$2,775,278	\$253,877	\$1,305,549	\$24,824	\$1,082,319	\$2,347,629	\$55,109	\$646,500	\$1,756,238	\$4,542	\$2,843,099	-	\$2,843,099	\$1,516,907	\$1,516,907
2031	\$2,863,863	-	\$2,863,863	\$266,183	\$1,343,893	\$25,442	\$1,109,257	\$2,450,999	\$57,536	\$662,475	\$1,846,060	\$4,702	\$2,960,019	-	\$2,960,019	\$1,623,090	\$1,623,090
2032	\$3,022,288	-	\$3,022,288	\$282,586	\$1,415,142	\$26,738	\$1,165,775	\$2,558,682	\$60,064	\$678,849	\$1,939,897	\$4,867	\$3,110,539	-	\$3,110,539	\$1,736,706	\$1,736,706
2033	\$3,146,786	-	\$3,146,786	\$294,823	\$1,471,555	\$27,782	\$1,211,276	\$2,673,342	\$62,755	\$697,463	\$2,038,634	\$4,940	\$3,254,850	-	\$3,254,850	\$1,858,275	\$1,858,275
2034	\$3,271,326	-	\$3,271,326	\$306,716	\$1,526,767	\$28,805	\$1,255,891	\$2,794,494	\$65,599	\$719,572	\$2,140,521	\$5,064	\$3,401,476	-	\$3,401,476	\$1,988,354	\$1,988,354
2035	\$3,417,087	-	\$3,417,087	\$320,671	\$1,593,497	\$30,052	\$1,310,233	\$2,922,361	\$68,601	\$740,279	\$2,250,683	\$5,191	\$3,566,107	-	\$3,566,107	\$2,127,539	\$2,127,539
2036	\$3,530,784	-	\$3,530,784	\$333,143	\$1,650,619	\$31,106	\$1,356,223	\$2,987,739	\$70,136	\$782,266	\$2,275,609	\$5,269	\$3,637,101	-	\$3,637,101	\$2,276,467	\$2,276,467
2037	\$3,604,929	-	\$3,604,929	\$342,125	\$1,687,449	\$31,765	\$1,384,936	\$2,973,467	\$69,801	\$810,107	\$2,233,161	\$5,454	\$3,623,551	-	\$3,623,551	\$2,435,820	\$2,435,820
2038	\$3,759,797	-	\$3,759,797	\$356,995	\$1,755,483	\$33,021	\$1,439,697	\$2,937,330	\$68,952	\$830,113	\$2,176,169	\$5,590	\$3,621,456	-	\$3,621,456	\$2,606,327	\$2,606,327
2039	\$3,842,498	-	\$3,842,498	\$365,055	\$1,788,177	\$33,604	\$1,465,099	\$2,886,889	\$67,768	\$870,899	\$2,083,758	\$5,674	\$3,554,531	-	\$3,554,531	\$2,788,770	\$2,788,770
2040	\$3,992,897		\$3,992,897	\$379,330	\$1,851,978	\$34,774	\$1,516,122	\$2,815,727	\$66,098	\$892,399	\$1,989,426	\$5,873	\$3,511,421	-	\$3,511,421	\$2,983,984	\$2,983,984
2041	\$4,197,671	-	\$4,197,671	\$398,868	\$1,946,889	\$36,554	\$1,593,723	\$2,731,579	\$64,122	\$914,435	\$1,881,266	\$5,961	\$3,480,950	-	\$3,480,950	\$3,192,863	\$3,192,863
2042	\$3,980,555	\$304,075	\$4,284,630	\$380,158	\$1,855,679	\$34,842	\$1,519,082	\$2,629,253	\$61,720	\$937,023	\$1,753,950	\$5,989	\$3,279,021	\$25,846	\$3,304,867	\$3,416,363	\$3,304,867
2043	\$3,581,814	\$881,149	\$4,462,963	\$346,819	\$1,681,624	\$31,521	\$1,374,281	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$986,674	\$1,577,228	\$6,015	\$2,957,524	\$74,898	\$3,032,422	\$3,655,508	\$3,032,422
2044	\$3,248,261	\$1,366,167	\$4,614,428	\$318,413	\$1,537,504	\$28,789	\$1,255,183	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,011,059	\$1,552,843	\$5,975	\$2,814,001	\$116,124	\$2,930,125	\$3,911,394	\$2,930,125
2045	\$3,077,887	\$1,628,667	\$4,706,554	\$303,586	\$1,464,327	\$27,411	\$1,195,115	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,046,299	\$1,517,603	\$5,994	\$2,718,712	\$138,437	\$2,857,149	\$4,185,192	\$2,857,149
2046	\$2,914,456	\$1,965,765	\$4,880,221	\$289,268	\$1,391,073	\$26,020	\$1,134,460	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,116,055	\$1,447,847	\$6,077	\$2,588,384	\$167,090	\$2,755,474	\$4,478,155	\$2,755,474
2047	\$2,800,177	\$2,289,323	\$5,089,500	\$279,179	\$1,346,403	\$25,203	\$1,098,830	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,160,255	\$1,403,647	\$6,092	\$2,508,569	\$194,592	\$2,703,161	\$4,791,626	\$2,703,161
2048	\$2,646,801	\$2,622,822	\$5,269,623	\$265,987	\$1,282,918	\$24,015	\$1,047,047	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,229,142	\$1,334,760	\$6,174	\$2,387,981	\$222,940	\$2,610,921	\$5,127,040	\$2,610,921
2049	\$2,546,243	\$2,932,784	\$5,479,027	\$257,081	\$1,245,792	\$23,348	\$1,017,955	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,265,013	\$1,298,889	\$6,185	\$2,323,029	\$249,287	\$2,572,316	\$5,485,933	\$2,572,316
2050	\$2,339,872	\$3,340,807	\$5,680,679	\$239,975	\$1,155,015	\$21,609	\$942,153	\$2,505,097	\$58,806	\$1,715,170	\$848,733	\$6,266	\$1,797,152	\$283,969	\$2,081,121	\$5,869,948	\$2,081,121
2051	\$2,033,186	\$3,821,449	\$5,854,635	\$213,294	\$1,004,460	\$18,687	\$814,745	\$2,505,097	\$58,806	\$1,769,582	\$794,321	\$6,347	\$1,615,413	\$324,823	\$1,940,236	\$4,809,805	\$1,940,236
2052	\$1,875,039	\$4,160,854	\$6,035,893	\$198,422	\$927,209	\$17,215	\$750,553	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$1,851,761	\$712,141	\$6,351	\$1,469,045	\$353,673	\$1,822,718	\$2,293,451	\$1,822,718
2053	\$1,773,883	\$4,489,818	\$6,263,701	\$188,201	\$880,764	\$16,359	\$713,239	\$2,505,097	\$58,806	\$1,911,586	\$652,317	\$6,430	\$1,371,986	\$381,635	\$1,753,621	\$2,379,256	\$1,753,621
2054	\$1,646,125	\$4,855,625	\$6,501,750	\$174,484	\$817,844	\$15,196	\$662,558	\$2,505,096	\$58,806	\$4,340,661	-	\$6,428	\$668,986	\$412,728	\$1,081,714	\$2,469,669	\$1,081,714
2055	\$1,542,919	\$5,183,007	\$6,725,926	\$163,521	\$770,182	\$14,329	\$624,741	\$1,870,604	\$43,911	\$4,449,178	-	\$6,505	\$631,246	\$440,556	\$1,071,802	\$2,555,082	\$1,071,802
2056	\$1,400,971	\$5,560,672	\$6,961,643	\$150,456	\$709,712	\$13,209	\$575,916	\$543,432	\$12,757	\$4,560,407	-	\$6,497	\$582,413	\$472,657	\$1,055,070	\$2,644,765	\$1,055,070
2057	\$1,169,299	\$6,042,297	\$7,211,596	\$127,744	\$598,847	\$11,128	\$485,161	-	-	-	-	\$6,484	\$491,644	\$513,595	\$1,005,239	\$2,739,463	\$1,005,239
2058	\$977,599	\$6,479,618	\$7,457,217	\$106,925	\$499,199	\$9,266	\$403,992	-	-	-	-	\$6,466	\$410,459	\$550,768	\$961,227	\$2,830,496	\$961,227
2059	\$781,839	\$6,935,931	\$7,717,770	\$85,713	\$394,613	\$7,297	\$318,163	-	-	-	-	\$6,444	\$324,608	\$589,554	\$914,162	\$2,928,518	\$914,162
2060	\$580,595	\$7,384,617	\$7,965,212	\$63,615	\$283,167	\$5,188	\$226,199	-	-	-	-	\$6,511	\$232,710	\$627,692	\$860,402	\$3,022,661	\$860,402
2061	\$502,393	\$7,759,075	\$8,261,468	\$55,136	\$242,391	\$4,425	\$192,945	-		-	-	\$6,480	\$199,425	\$659,521	\$858,946	\$3,134,327	\$858,946

⁷ After the first occurrence of the Total Contrib. if Switch being smaller than the Alt. Employer Contrib., this column shows the Total Contrib. if Switch in all subsequent years. City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Table 6 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2036

	Numbe	r (BOY)		Assets										
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	– Total Payroll	Assets ⁸ (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Assets ⁷ (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio ⁷
2020	42	59	\$2,297,191	\$19,275,679	\$1,961,830	\$7,007	\$771,122	\$220,835	\$500,554	\$710,419	\$19,509,772	\$45,623,459	\$26,113,687	42.8%
2021	36	64	\$2,085,261	\$19,509,772	\$2,118,840	\$3,602	\$825,096	\$171,582	\$518,795	\$912,466	\$19,815,269	\$46,652,673	\$26,837,404	42.5%
2022	36	64	\$2,133,023	\$19,815,269	\$2,236,403	\$3,692	\$882,853	\$177,469	\$520,888	\$925,758	\$20,082,142	\$47,629,969	\$27,547,827	42.2%
2023	36	64	\$2,111,398	\$20,082,142	\$2,207,925	\$3,784	\$944,653	\$179,333	\$524,976	\$940,692	\$20,460,087	\$48,672,194	\$28,212,107	42.0%
2024	36	65	\$2,214,985	\$20,460,087	\$2,720,982	\$3,917	\$1,010,779	\$192,343	\$547,966	\$948,994	\$20,435,270	\$49,292,475	\$28,857,205	41.5%
2025	36	65	\$2,291,872	\$20,435,270	\$3,019,958	\$4,015	\$1,081,534	\$200,922	\$561,512	\$942,975	\$20,198,240	\$49,672,697	\$29,474,457	40.7%
2026	36	66	\$2,417,971	\$20,198,240	\$2,582,819	\$4,156	\$1,157,241	\$214,163	\$575,397	\$944,389	\$20,502,455	\$50,577,857	\$30,075,402	40.5%
2027	36	65	\$2,515,709	\$20,502,455	\$2,739,225	\$4,218	\$1,238,248	\$224,200	\$590,784	\$957,664	\$20,769,908	\$51,414,391	\$30,644,483	40.4%
2028	36	65	\$2,611,392	\$20,769,908	\$3,367,900	\$4,323	\$1,324,925	\$234,763	\$609,244	\$958,324	\$20,524,941	\$51,695,544	\$31,170,603	39.7%
2029	36	65	\$2,746,917	\$20,524,941	\$2,717,521	\$4,431	\$1,417,670	\$248,378	\$626,723	\$964,860	\$21,060,620	\$52,723,079	\$31,662,459	39.9%
2030	36	65	\$2,775,278	\$21,060,620	\$3,033,267	\$4,542	\$1,516,907	\$253,877	\$646,500	\$985,813	\$21,425,908	\$53,490,516	\$32,064,608	40.1%
2031	36	66	\$2,863,863	\$21,425,908	\$2,809,739	\$4,702	\$1,623,090	\$266,183	\$662,475	\$1,011,564	\$22,174,779	\$54,563,347	\$32,388,568	40.6%
2032	36	67	\$3,022,288	\$22,174,779	\$2,996,222	\$4,867	\$1,736,706	\$282,586	\$678,849	\$1,046,190	\$22,918,021	\$55,570,910	\$32,652,889	41.2%
2033	36	66	\$3,146,786	\$22,918,021	\$3,022,853	\$4,940	\$1,858,275	\$294,823	\$697,463	\$1,084,446	\$23,825,235	\$56,658,169	\$32,832,934	42.1%
2034	36	66	\$3,271,326	\$23,825,235	\$3,003,273	\$5,064	\$1,988,354	\$306,716	\$719,572	\$1,131,847	\$24,963,387	\$57,874,947	\$32,911,560	43.1%
2035	36	66	\$3,417,087	\$24,963,387	\$3,553,454	\$5,191	\$2,127,539	\$320,671	\$740,279	\$1,177,072	\$25,770,303	\$58,656,326	\$32,886,023	43.9%
2036	34	66	\$3,240,345	\$25,770,303	\$3,191,947	\$5,216	\$2,157,873	\$305,629	\$782,266	\$1,225,230	\$27,044,138	\$59,766,613	\$32,722,475	45.2%
2037	32	66	\$2,915,753	\$27,044,138	\$3,082,506	\$5,239	\$2,042,549	\$278,825	\$810,107	\$1,285,623	\$28,373,497	\$60,892,421	\$32,518,924	46.6%
2038	28	67	\$2,644,226	\$28,373,497	\$3,274,740	\$5,206	\$2,233,508	\$255,988	\$830,113	\$1,348,672	\$29,761,832	\$61,751,395	\$31,989,563	48.2%
2039	26	67	\$2,505,534	\$29,761,832	\$3,205,340	\$5,224	\$2,133,180	\$244,068	\$870,899	\$1,414,569	\$31,213,984	\$62,659,461	\$31,445,477	49.8%
2040	24	68	\$2,372,494	\$31,213,984	\$2,733,229	\$5,297	\$1,649,157	\$232,557	\$892,399	\$1,483,500	\$32,733,071	\$64,031,048	\$31,297,977	51.1%
2041	23	67	\$2,279,466	\$32,733,071	\$2,891,398	\$5,311	\$1,792,019	\$224,447	\$914,435	\$1,555,624	\$34,322,887	\$65,267,605	\$30,944,718	52.6%
2042	22	67	\$2,154,611	\$34,322,887	\$3,533,226	\$5,383	\$2,420,064	\$213,841	\$937,023	\$1,631,096	\$35,986,302	\$65,851,574	\$29,865,272	54.6%
2043	20	67	\$2,072,752	\$35,986,302	\$2,847,157	\$5,394	\$1,690,287	\$206,681	\$986,674	\$1,710,079	\$37,727,472	\$67,133,625	\$29,406,153	56.2%
2044	20	66	\$1,904,757	\$37,727,472	\$3,141,844	\$5,465	\$1,971,893	\$192,928	\$1,011,059	\$1,792,726	\$39,548,769	\$68,097,140	\$28,548,371	58.1%
2045	17	68	\$1,655,102	\$39,548,769	\$2,906,394	\$5,536	\$1,718,980	\$171,478	\$1,046,299	\$1,879,149	\$41,452,745	\$69,218,319	\$27,765,574	59.9%
2046	15	68	\$1,526,364	\$41,452,745	\$3,059,984	\$5,541	\$1,812,844	\$159,521	\$1,116,055	\$1,969,543	\$43,445,183	\$70,169,327	\$26,724,144	61.9%
2047	14	68	\$1,444,018	\$43,445,183	\$3,062,001	\$5,611	\$1,777,713	\$151,304	\$1,160,255	\$2,064,155	\$45,530,998	\$71,123,622	\$25,592,624	64.0%
2048	13	67	\$1,340,017	\$45,530,998	\$3,011,608	\$5,611	\$1,667,900	\$140,277	\$1,229,142	\$2,163,194	\$47,714,292	\$72,120,877	\$24,406,585	66.2%
2049	12	67	\$1,256,003	\$47,714,292	\$3,445,721	\$5,679	\$2,073,764	\$131,463	\$1,265,013	\$2,266,871	\$50,000,003	\$72,680,334	\$22,680,331	68.8%
2050	11	66	\$1,140,451	\$50,000,003	\$3,117,087	\$5,674	\$1,303,738	\$120,960	\$1,715,170	\$2,375,402	\$52,392,512	\$73,550,869	\$21,158,357	71.2%
2051	9	66	\$951,860	\$52,392,512	\$2,999,413	\$5,665	\$1,147,073	\$102,701	\$1,769,582	\$2,488,979	\$54,895,769	\$74,488,140	\$19,592,371	73.7%
2052	7	66	\$795,808	\$54,895,769	\$3,109,438	\$5,652	\$1,189,302	\$85,964	\$1,851,761	\$2,607,829	\$57,515,535	\$75,271,889	\$17,756,354	76.4%
2053	6	65	\$636,451	\$57,515,535	\$3,019,204	\$5,635	\$1,053,890	\$68,910	\$1,911,586	\$2,732,212	\$60,257,294	\$76,095,550	\$15,838,256	79.2%
2054	5	65	\$472,630	\$60,257,294	\$3,005,842	\$5,695	-	\$51,144	\$4,340,661	\$2,894,623	\$64,532,185	\$76,876,461	\$12,344,276	83.9%
2055	4	64	\$408,970	\$64,532,185	\$3,289,357	\$5,671	-	\$44,327	\$4,449,178	\$3,093,412	\$68,824,074	\$77,369,335	\$8,545,261	89.0%
2056	3	63	\$316,129	\$68,824,074	\$3,128,721	\$5,642	-	\$34,354	\$4,560,407	\$3,303,426	\$73,587,898	\$78,004,524	\$4,416,626	94.3%
2057	2	62	\$227,050	\$73,587,898	\$2,981,925	\$5,608	-	\$24,614	\$4,611,311	\$3,534,120	\$78,770,410	\$78,776,150	\$5,740	100.0%
2058	2	60	\$210,268	\$78,770,410	\$3,242,510	\$5,569	\$5,569	\$22,789	\$91,800	\$3,668,168	\$79,310,657	\$79,310,657	-	100.0%
2059	2	59	\$122,028	\$79,310,657	\$2,969,050	\$5,616	\$57,080	\$13,328	-	\$3,699,080	\$80,105,479	\$80,105,479	-	100.0%
2060	-	58	\$29,714	\$80,105,479	\$2,809,201	\$5,473	\$18,605	\$3,231	-	\$3,739,450	\$81,052,091	\$81,052,091	-	100.0%
2061		56	\$13,755	\$81,052,091	\$3,051,123	\$5,416	\$11,707	\$1,494		\$3,778,534	\$81,787,287	\$81,787,287	-	100.0%

Table 6 – Switch to Conservation Funding Policy in 2036 (Cont.)

	Benefit Payment Account ⁹					Accumulation Account Contribution Comparison												
Year End June 30	Assets ¹⁰ (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	100.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Transfer (To)/From Acc. Account	Assets ⁹ (BOY)	Net Benefit Pmts and Expenses	Employer Contrib.	1.50% of Pay Employee Contrib.	0.00% of Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	Cons. Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Contrib. if Switch	Alt. Employer Contrib.	Final Employer Contrib. ¹¹
2022	\$19,815,269	\$2,240,095	\$882,853	\$177,469	\$520,888	\$925,758	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,573,733	-	\$1,573,733	\$882,853	\$882,853
2023	\$20,082,142	\$2,211,709	\$944,653	\$179,333	\$524,976	\$940,692	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,539,071	-	\$1,539,071	\$944,653	\$944,653
2024	\$20,460,087	\$2,724,899	\$1,010,779	\$192,343	\$547,966	\$948,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$2,017,815	-	\$2,017,815	\$1,010,779	\$1,010,779
2025	\$20,435,270	\$3,023,973	\$1,081,534	\$200,922	\$561,512	\$942,975	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$2,295,917	-	\$2,295,917	\$1,081,534	\$1,081,534
2026	\$20,198,240	\$2,586,975	\$1,157,241	\$214,163	\$575,397	\$944,389	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$1,833,685	-	\$1,833,685	\$1,157,241	\$1,157,241
2027	\$20,502,455	\$2,743,443	\$1,238,248	\$224,200	\$590,784	\$957,664	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$1,966,195	-	\$1,966,195	\$1,238,248	\$1,238,248
2028	\$20,769,908	\$3,372,223	\$1,324,925	\$234,763	\$609,244	\$958,324	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$2,567,387	-	\$2,567,387	\$1,324,925	\$1,324,925
2029	\$20,524,941	\$2,721,952	\$1,417,670	\$248,378	\$626,723	\$964,860	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,888,055	-	\$1,888,055	\$1,417,670	\$1,417,670
2030	\$21,060,620	\$3,037,809	\$1,516,907	\$253,877	\$646,500	\$985,813	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$2,179,061	-	\$2,179,061	\$1,516,907	\$1,516,907
2031	\$21,425,908	\$2,814,441	\$1,623,090	\$266,183	\$662,475	\$1,011,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,928,741	-	\$1,928,741	\$1,623,090	\$1,623,090
2032	\$22,174,779	\$3,001,089	\$1,736,706	\$282,586	\$678,849	\$1,046,190	-	-		-	-	-	-	\$2,084,988	-	\$2,084,988	\$1,736,706	\$1,736,706
2033	\$22,918,021	\$3,027,793	\$1,858,275	\$294,823	\$697,463	\$1,084,446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$2,082,709	-	\$2,082,709	\$1,858,275	\$1,858,275
2034	\$23,825,235	\$3,008,337	\$1,988,354	\$306,716	\$719,572	\$1,131,847	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$2,031,119	-	\$2,031,119	\$1,988,354	\$1,988,354
2035	\$24,963,387	\$3,558,645	\$2,127,539	\$320,671	\$740,279	\$1,177,072	(25,770,303)	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$2,548,951	-	\$2,548,951	\$2,127,539	\$2,127,539
2036	-	\$3,197,163	\$2,157,873	\$257,024	\$782,266	-	-	\$25,770,303		-	\$48,605	-	\$1,225,230	\$2,157,873	\$24,687	\$2,182,560	\$2,276,467	\$2,182,560
2037	-	\$3,087,745	\$2,042,549	\$235,089	\$810,107	-	-	\$27,044,138	-	-	\$43,736		\$1,285,623	\$2,042,549	\$58,580	\$2,101,129	\$2,435,820	\$2,101,129
2038	-	\$3,279,946	\$2,233,508	\$216,325	\$830,113	-	-	\$28,373,497		-	\$39,663	-	\$1,348,672	\$2,233,508	\$94,824	\$2,328,332	\$2,606,327	\$2,328,332
2039	-	\$3,210,564	\$2,133,180	\$206,485	\$870,899	-	-	\$29,761,832		-	\$37,583	-	\$1,414,569	\$2,133,180	\$113,642	\$2,246,822	\$2,788,770	\$2,246,822
2040	-	\$2,738,526	\$1,649,157	\$196,970	\$892,399	-	-	\$31,213,984		-	\$35,587	-	\$1,483,500	\$1,649,157	\$137,734	\$1,786,891	\$2,983,984	\$1,786,891
2041	-	\$2,896,709	\$1,792,019	\$190,255	\$914,435	-	-	\$32,733,071	-	-	\$34,192		\$1,555,624	\$1,792,019	\$163,047	\$1,955,066	\$3,192,863	\$1,955,066
2042	-	\$3,538,609	\$2,420,064	\$181,522	\$937,023	-	-	\$34,322,887		-	\$32,319	-	\$1,631,096	\$2,420,064	\$181,052	\$2,601,116	\$3,416,363	\$2,601,116
2043	-	\$2,852,551	\$1,690,287	\$175,590	\$986,674	-	-	\$35,986,302		-	\$31,091	-	\$1,710,079	\$1,690,287	\$203,168	\$1,893,455	\$3,655,508	\$1,893,455
2044	-	\$3,147,309	\$1,971,893	\$164,357	\$1,011,059	-	-	\$37,727,472		-	\$28,571	-	\$1,792,726	\$1,971,893	\$230,322	\$2,202,215	\$3,911,394	\$2,202,215
2045	-	\$2,911,930	\$1,718,980	\$146,651	\$1,046,299	-	-	\$39,548,769			\$24,827	-	\$1,879,149	\$1,718,980	\$259,373	\$1,978,353	\$4,185,192	\$1,978,353
2046	-	\$3,065,525	\$1,812,844	\$136,626	\$1,116,055	-	-	\$41,452,745		-	\$22,895	-	\$1,969,543	\$1,812,844	\$285,078	\$2,097,922	\$4,478,155	\$2,097,922
2047	-	\$3,067,612	\$1,777,713	\$129,644	\$1,160,255	-	-	\$43,445,183			\$21,660	-	\$2,064,155	\$1,777,713	\$309,866	\$2,087,579	\$4,791,626	\$2,087,579
2048	-	\$3,017,219	\$1,667,900	\$120,177	\$1,229,142	-	-	\$45,530,998		-	\$20,100		\$2,163,194	\$1,667,900	\$334,017	\$2,001,917	\$5,127,040	\$2,001,917
2049	-	\$3,451,400	\$2,073,764	\$112,623	\$1,265,013			\$47,714,292			\$18,840		\$2,266,871	\$2,073,764	\$358,957	\$2,432,721	\$5,485,933	\$2,432,721
2050	-	\$3,122,761	\$1,303,738	\$103,853	\$1,715,170	-	-	\$50,000,003		-	\$17,107		\$2,375,402	\$1,303,738	\$385,919	\$1,689,657	\$5,869,948	\$1,689,657
2051	-	\$3,005,078	\$1,147,073	\$88,423	\$1,769,582	-	-	\$52,392,512			\$14,278		\$2,488,979	\$1,147,073	\$416,736	\$1,563,809	\$4,809,805	\$1,563,809
2052	-	\$3,115,090	\$1,189,302	\$74,027	\$1,851,761	-	-	\$54,895,769		-	\$11,937		\$2,607,829	\$1,189,302	\$445,407	\$1,634,709	\$2,293,451	\$1,634,709
2053	-	\$3,024,839	\$1,053,890	\$59,363	\$1,911,586	-	-	\$57,515,535			\$9,547		\$2,732,212	\$1,053,890	\$478,316	\$1,532,206	\$2,379,256	\$1,532,206
2054	-	\$3,011,537	-	\$44,055	\$2,967,482		-	\$60,257,294		-	\$7,089	\$1,373,179	\$2,894,623	-	\$512,475	\$512,475	\$2,469,669	\$512,475
2055		\$3,295,028	-	\$38,192	\$3,256,836		-	\$64,532,185			\$6,135	\$1,192,342	\$3,093,412	-	\$536,941	\$536,941	\$2,555,082	\$536,941
2056	-	\$3,134,363	-	\$29,612	\$3,104,751	-	-	\$68,824,074		-	\$4,742	\$1,455,656	\$3,303,426	-	\$564,869	\$564,869	\$2,644,765	\$564,869
2057		\$2,987,533		\$21,208	\$2,966,325		-	\$73,587,898			\$3,406	\$1,644,986	\$3,534,120	-	\$593,686	\$593,686	\$2,739,463	\$593,686
2058	-	\$3,248,079	\$5,569	\$19,635	\$91,800		\$3,131,075	\$78,770,410		-	\$3,154	-	\$3,668,168	\$5,569	\$615,991	\$621,560	\$2,830,496	\$621,560
2059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$79,310,657	\$2,974,666	\$57,080	\$13,328	-	\$3,699,080	\$57,080	\$645,638	\$702,718	\$2,928,518	\$702,718
2060	-	-	-		-		-	\$80,105,479	\$2,814,674	\$18,605	\$3,231	-	\$3,739,450	\$18,605	\$674,517	\$693,122	\$3,022,661	\$693,122
2061		-						\$81,052,091	\$3,056,539	\$11,707	\$1,494		\$3,778,534	\$11,707	\$701,056	\$712,763	\$3,134,327	\$712,763

- ⁹ Employer contributions paid from the City's General Fund are used to finance benefits not covered by the applicable employee contributions or premium tax allocation.
 ¹⁰ Market value of assets used.
 ¹¹ After the first occurrence of the *Total Contrib.*, if *Switch*, which is the sum of the *Cons. Employer Contrib.* and the *Statewide Employer Contrib.*, being smaller than the *Alt. Employer Contrib.*, this column shows the *Total Contrib. if Switch* in all subsequent years.



Section X. Participant Information

Participant Summary

The following table summarizes the counts, ages, and benefit information for plan participants used in the prior and current valuations.

	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2020
1. Actives	 	
a. Number	42	36
b. Average Age	41.2	38.6
c. Average Service	13.0	10.9
d. Average Salary	\$ 61,190	\$ 59,786
2. Retirees		
a. Number	36	41 ¹²
b. Average Age	69.9	68.1
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 1,598,793	\$ 1,681,603
3. Survivors		
a. Number	15	15
b. Average Age	64.7	69.7
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 234,472	\$ 255,990
4. Disableds		
a. Number	7	7
b. Average Age	60.0	61.0
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 159,814	\$ 162,172
5. Deferred Vesteds		
a. Number	1	1
b. Average Age	46.0	47.0
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$ 37,923	\$ 37,923
6. Members Owed Refunds		
a. Number	0	0
b. Average Age	N/A	N/A
c. Total Refunds Owed	\$ N/A	\$ N/A

¹² Includes 7 DROP participants

Active Age/Service Distribution Including Compensation

Shown below is the age and service distribution of active participants in the City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. The compensation shown is the average projected pay for the plan year beginning July 1, 2020.

	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 & Up	Total
Under 25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	7
	47,881	57,947	-	-	-	-	-	50,757
30 - 34	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	5
	55,153	50,564	-	-	-	-	-	54,235
35 - 39	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	7
	67,154	49,173	60,074	-	-	-	-	58,982
40 - 44	1	1	3	3	-	-	-	8
	63,380	62,849	56,074	61,378	-	-	-	59,823
45 - 49	-	-	1	3	2	1	-	7
	-	-	58,796	64,117	72,135	74,474	-	67,127
50 - 54	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
	-	-	-	-	82,235	-	-	82,235
55 - 59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & Up	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Totals	12	6	7	6	4	1	_	36
i otalo	54,808	54,609	58,177	62,748	77,185	74,474	-	59,786

Credited Service as of July 1, 2020

Averages						
Age	38.6					
Service	10.9					

Participant Reconciliation Shown below is the reconciliation of participants between the prior and current valuation date.

	Actives	Retirees	DROP	Survivors	Disableds	Deferred Vesteds	Due Refund	Total
Participants as of 7/1/2019	42	36	0	15	7	1	0	101
New	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Rehired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Terminated - Vested	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Terminated - Nonvested	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disabled	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paid Refund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments Expired	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	(1)
Deceased - No Survivor	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	(1)
Deceased - With Survivor	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
New Beneficiary	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
New QDRO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entered DROP	(7)	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
Exited DROP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corrections	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Participants as of 7/1/2020	36	34	7	15	7	1	0	100



Section XI. Summary of Plan Provisions

Plan Year

July 1 – June 30.

Eligibility to Participate

All compensated employees of the relevant Fire or Police Department are eligible to participate in the Firemen's or Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (Plan). If the fund uses the Optional or Conservation funding policies, only members hired prior to the date of the change to either one of these policies are eligible to participate in the Plan.

Credited Service

The number of years that the member has contributed to the employees' retirement and benefit fund.

Absence from service because of sickness or injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed as time out of service.

Military Service — Any current member who has been on qualified military service in the armed forces of the United States with an honorable discharge may, within six months from his or her date of discharge, be given credit for continuous service in the paid police or fire department.

A member may receive retirement eligibility service (i.e. eligibility towards the 20 years of service for normal retirement) for qualified military service only if the military service was prior to November 18, 2009 or the member repays, without interest, member assessments that were missed during the period of military service.

Any member who has served in active duty with the armed forces of the United States, whether prior to or subsequent to becoming a member of a paid police or fire department, shall receive an additional 1% of Average Annual Compensation for each full continuous year so served in active military duty, up to a maximum of an additional 4%.

Average Annual Compensation

The average of the three twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment in which the member received the highest salary or compensation. While the months in each twelve-month period need to be consecutive, the three "twelve-consecutive-month periods" do not need to be consecutive.

Each twelve-consecutive-month annual compensation is limited to 120% of the *Average Adjusted Salary*, which is the average of the Adjusted Salary for the two consecutive twelve-consecutive-month periods immediately preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used in determining benefits.

The *Adjusted Salary* for any preceding year is the respective preceding year total salary multiplied by the ratio of base salary of the year used in determining benefits to the base salary from the respective preceding year. A preceding year is either the "year one" which is the second twelve consecutive month period preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits or "year two" which is the twelve-consecutive-month period



immediate preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits.

Employee Contributions

Participating employees hired before January 1, 2010: 7.00% of compensation. Participating employees hired on or after January 1, 2010: 9.50% of compensation.

Employer Contributions

The municipality has elected to contribute the minimum employer contribution under the Alternative funding policy.

Normal Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible at the earlier of age 50 with 20 years of credited service or age 65.

Normal Retirement Benefit

The annual retirement benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of average annual compensation, for service up to 20 years; not less than \$6,000
- 2% for each year of service between 20 and 25 years
- 1% for each year of service between 25 and 30 years
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional 1% of average annual compensation for each year of military service up to four years.

The maximum benefit is limited to 75% of average annual compensation.

Normal Form

Life annuity with a 60% spouse's survivor benefit. The benefit payable to the spouse as of the member's date of death is determined by taking 60% of the member's benefit at the member's retirement date and indexing that amount to the date of death using the COLA methodology described in the Cost of Living Adjustment section below. No other optional forms are allowed under the Plan.

Disability Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if disability is service related. Disability is defined in WV Code §8-22-23a as the inability to perform adequately the job duties required of the member, as described in the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard 1582's Chapter 9 Essential Job Tasks - Specific Evaluations of Medical Conditions in Members.

Disability Retirement Benefit

The monthly disability benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of monthly salary at disability, but not less than \$500, plus
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional benefit of 1% of monthly salary at disability for each year of military service up to four years.

Disability benefits, when aggregated with monthly state workers compensation benefits, shall not exceed 100% of the member's monthly compensation at the time of disability. For permanent disabilities, the benefit is paid for life, while for temporary disabilities, the benefit is paid during the disability period not to exceed four 26-week periods.



Ordinary (non line-of-duty) disability pensions are offset by \$1 per every \$3 of other income. There is no offset if total other income is \$18,200 (as of 2020, indexed by state minimum wage for years after 2020) or less.

Termination Benefits

Any member who terminates employment prior to retirement and has at least 20 years of credited service will be entitled to a pension benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit commencing at age 50.

Refunds: Any member who terminates from their department with fewer than 20 years of credited service and prior to age 65 shall be refunded all deductions made from his salary, without interest. Any member who receives such a refund and subsequently wishes to reenter (available only if the municipal plan is still open as of such date) the department must repay to the pension fund all sums refunded with interest at the rate of 8% per annum.

Death Benefit Eligibilty

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if death is service related. Retirees and terminated vested participants are also eligible.

Death Benefit

For surviving spouses, this benefit is equal to 60% of the participant's benefit at the participant's date of retirement and is indexed for cost-of-living adjustments through the commencement date of this death benefit (and annually each July thereafter) using the methodology outlined in the *Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)* subsection below. This benefit may not be less than \$300 per month and is payable to the spouse until death or remarriage.

Other dependents (children, parents, brothers and sisters) are also eligible for death benefits. Similar to the death benefit payable to a surviving spouse, these death benefits are derived at the participant's date of retirement and indexed for COLAs. To each dependent:

- Child: 20% of the participant's benefit until the child attains age 18 or marries; for a disabled child, payments continue beyond age 18 if the child remains disabled.
- Orphaned child: 25% of the participant's benefit until the child attains age 18 or marries; for a disabled orphaned child, payments continue beyond age 18 if the child remains disabled.
- Parent: 10% of the participant's benefit for life.
- Sibling: the sum of fifty dollars per month (but a total not to exceed \$100 per month) until such individual attains the age of age 18 or marries.

The total amount, derived as the participant's date of retirement, of all benefits payable to survivors cannot exceed the amount of the participant's benefit at the participant's date of retirement. Due to the COLA methodology, the sum of the benefits payable to survivors as of any time after the participant's date of retirement *may*, in some circumstances, exceed the participant's benefit amount. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be reduced below 65 percent of the total amount paid to all dependents.



Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)

If a plan meets the criteria outlined in the *Supplemental Benefit Eligibility* subsection within *Section I. Executive Summary*, then all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, and disability pensioners shall be granted automatic cost-of-living benefits commencing on the first day of July following two years of retirement. The benefits equal the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, limited to 4% (2% for some disability retirees), multiplied by the sum of the allowable amount, which is the first \$15,000 of the total annual benefits paid and the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. The consumer price index currently used to determine the supplemental benefit is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Effective September 19, 2019, a member who is at least age 50 and with at least 20 years of completed service may enter DROP six months after becoming eligible for regular retirement.

An eligible member who makes the election to participate in the DROP will:

- Receive a retirement benefit based on service and average annual compensation as of the DROP participation (entry) date.
- Accumulate benefits during the DROP period in the member's DROP account equal to the monthly benefits as of the DROP entry date.
- Participate in the DROP for a period that may span from one year to five years provided that the member completes DROP by the age of 65. Members can leave before one year if they provide sixty days advance notice.
- Be required to continue making employee contributions during the DROP period.

Benefits in the DROP account will not be credited with interest.

Changes in Plan Provisions Since Prior Valuation

The Plan has adopted a deferred retirement option program (DROP). For more information, see the above section *Deferred Retirement Option Program*.



Section XII. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial valuation uses the Entry Age Normal cost method calculated on an individual basis with level percentage of pay normal cost. Past service liability is allocated from the imputed date of hire, taking into account transferred and purchased service.

West Virginia Funding Policies

Under West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1), there are four funding policies available for plan sponsors. Those funding policies are summarized below:

- Standard Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal the net employer normal cost, plus an amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. Prior to the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was amortized over a single, closed period of 40-years from July 1, 1991, using level dollar amortization (10.0 years remaining as of July 1, 2020). Beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2019 continues to be amortized over that same closed, decreasing period but new bases will be amortized using a layered approach with the following initial amortization periods when each base is created:
 - Experience gains and losses: 15 years
 - Assumption changes: 15 years
 - Plan changes: 5 years

The Standard funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.

• Alternative Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal 107% of the prior year's employer contribution. The State premium tax allocation is contributed in addition to the employer contributions.

The Alternative funding policy is <u>not consistent</u> with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice because the policy does not reflect emerging experience gains and losses and may not produce an actuarially sound pattern of contributions or funded ratio.

• **Optional Funding Policy**: Allows plan sponsors using either the Standard funding policy or Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the Plan on an actuarially determined basis. The actuarially determined employer contribution is equal to the net employer normal cost, plus a level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. The closed amortization period as of July 1, 2020 is 10.0 years for sponsors who previously used the Standard funding policy and 28.5 years for sponsors who previously used the Alternative funding policy. Beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2019 continues to be amortized over those same closed, decreasing periods but new bases will be amortized using a layered approach using the same amortization periods as those used in the Standard Funding Policy listed above.



For plans that switch to the Optional Funding policy on or after the July 1, 2020 valuation, the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability prior to any assumption changes or plan changes that became effective during the year ending on the valuation date will be amortized over the maximum of 15 years and the remaining period described above (10.0 years for sponsors who previously used the Standard funding policy and 28.5 years for sponsors who previously used the Alternative funding policy).

Members hired after the adoption date of the Optional funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – The Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).

The Optional funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.

Conservation Funding Policy: Allows plan sponsors using the Alternative funding
policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the plan on a pay-asyou-go basis. Sponsors using the Conservation funding policy are required to assign a
portion of the State premium tax allocation and member contributions to an accumulation
account that is projected to grow to 100% of the remaining actuarial liabilities at the end
of a 35-year projection period.

Members hired after the adoption date of the Conservation funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – MPFRS.

This Conservation funding policy is <u>not consistent</u> with generally accepted actuarial principles.

This Plan is valued using the **Alternative** funding policy.

Amortization Method for GASB

	Amortization Policies
Standard and Optional Funding Policies	Same as for funding purposes (described above)
Alternative and Conservation Funding Policies	The methodology used for plans that switch to the Optional funding policy on or after July 1, 2020 for funding purposes (described above)

Basis for Selection of Actuarial Methods

While the funding policies and funding amortization methodology are defined in the West Virginia Code, the following actuarial methods used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of Bolton's 2020 *Actuarial Methods Recommendation Report*. These actuarial methods are, in the opinion of the actuaries signing this report, reasonable for the intended purpose.

Asset Method

Actuarial Value of Assets using four-year smoothing. Returns on the average market value of assets above or below the assumed rate of return are gradually recognized using straight-line amortization over a four-year period.



Roll-Forward Method

For the actuarially-based funding policies (Standard and Optional), valuation results are rolled forward one year to align the contribution calculation with the contribution year:

- To develop the projected unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), the UAAL on the valuation date is increased by the employer normal cost (which is net of employee contributions) and expected expenses, both with interest, and decreased by the expected employer contribution, including the premium tax allocation, for the fiscal year beginning on the valuation date, with interest.
- The projected normal cost for the contribution year is derived using a valuation software projection (open-group projection for plans open to new entrants and closed-group projection for plans closed to new entrants).

Projection Methods

The projections of future assets, liabilities, funded status and contributions are based on the following assumptions:

- Compensation will increase and members will leave the active workforce according to the actuarial valuation assumptions.
- For the open group projections, each active member leaving the workforce will be replaced with a new entrant so that the total number of active members remains the same throughout the projection period. The assumption made regarding the demographic makeup of new entrants is described in the *Open Group Projection New Hire Profile* section below.
- For closed group projections, new hires that replace active members who retire, terminate, die or become disabled are not assumed to enter the Plan.
- The sponsor contributes the amount determined by the applicable funding policy each year.
- For plans that are less than 100% funded as of the valuation date, the contribution during the projection period is capped at the amount needed to achieve and maintain a funded status of 100%.
- Assets grow at the assumed rate of return (discount rate).
- Non-vested members receive a refund of their accumulated employee contribution account balance during the year in which they terminate.
- For projections that illustrate a change from the Alternative funding policy to either the Optional funding policy or Conservation funding policy, new hires that replace active members who, after the change in funding policy, retire, terminate, die or become disabled are assumed to enter the statewide pension plan The Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS). For the MPFRS, employer contributions are currently equal to 8.5% of pay but can range from 8.5% 10.5% of pay. For these projections, MPFRS employer contributions are assumed to be 8.5% of pay throughout the projection period.

Open Group Projection New Hire Profile

The active population is projected to be stable throughout the open group projections meaning that active exits are replaced by new hires. The profile for new hires contains four separate records corresponding to a different age-at-hire band (under 24, 24-27, 28-31, 32 and above). Each record contains the average (for the associated age-at-hire band) date of birth, compensation, and percentage male of all actives who have two years of service or less within the 53 plans covered by the MPOB. The four records are created using compensation for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date. The beginning salary for new entrants hired after the



current plan year is equal to the new entrant profile salary increased by the general wage inflation assumption of 3.50% for each year between the new entrant's assumed date of hire and the valuation date.

Premium Tax Allocation

The premium tax allocation is projected using the following methodology:

- (1) The Base Allocation is a fixed amount equal to \$8,709,689 in all future years. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible members, which includes active members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the statewide plan, Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System ("MPFRS"). We assume that the percentage of eligible members of the Pension and Relief Fund and MPFRS for a single municipal plan (e.g. Beckley Fire) to the total eligible members for all municipalities remains constant throughout the projection period.
- (2) The Excess Allocation is equal to the excess of the current year premium tax assigned to all Pension and Relief Funds over the total Base Allocation. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible active and retired members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the MPFRS.
- (3) We have assumed all Pension and Relief Funds will make the minimum statutory contribution requirement and will receive 100% of the total allocation assigned to the individual plan until they are 100% funded. Once a plan attains a funded ratio of at least 100%, the premium tax that would have been allocated to the plan had the funded ratio been lower than 100% is reallocated in subsequent years to all remaining plans that are less than 100% funded.
- (4) The total available premium tax allocation, net of expenses, as of September 1, 2021, includes a Base Allocation of \$8,709,689, an Excess Allocation of \$10,792,704, and an Expired Premium Tax Allocation of \$325,849.
- (5) For the plan year ending June 30, 2021, all Pension and Relief Funds reported a total of 1,721.23 eligible active members and 2,207.00 eligible retired members. The City of Beckley Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund reported 45.67 eligible active members and 56.67 eligible retired members, based on the average number of plan participants for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2021. The Fund is eligible to receive a premium tax allocation of \$520,887.92 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- (6) The total premium tax allocation is assumed to increase by 2.50% in calendar years ending on and after 2022.

Basis for Selection of Actuarial Assumptions

Unless otherwise noted, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of Bolton's 2020 *Experience Study Report*, which covered experience during the period from period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2017. These assumptions are, in the opinion of the actuaries signing this report, reasonable for the intended purpose.

Discount Rate

The following table outlines the factors used to determine the discount rate:

Discount Rate Matrix for Plans Not Investing with the IMB								
Funded Ratio as of Valuation Date ¹³	Equity Exposure ¹⁴	Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years ¹³	Discount Rate – Standard and Optional Policies	Discount Rate – Alternative and Conservation Policies				
30% or more	60% or more	70% or more	6.50%	6.25%				
30% or more	50% or more	70% or more	6.25%	6.00%				
30% or more	40% or more	60% or more	6.00%	5.50%				
15% or more	30% or more	50% or more	5.75%	5.00%				
15% or more	20% or more	40% or more	5.50%	4.75%				
Less than 15%	Less than 20%	15% or more	5.00%	4.25%				
Less than 15%	Less than 20%	Less than 15%	5.00%	4.00%				

	Discount Rate	Matrix for Plans <mark>Inv</mark>	esting with the IMB	
Funded Ratio as of Valuation Date ¹³	Equity Exposure ¹⁴	Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years ¹³	Discount Rate – Standard and Optional Policies ¹⁵	Discount Rate – Alternative and Conservation Policies
30% or more	N/A	70% or more	7.00%	6.50%
30% or more	N/A	70% or more	7.00%	6.00%
15% or more	N/A	50% or more	7.00%	5.50%
15% or more	N/A	40% or more	7.00%	5.25%
Less than 15%	N/A	15% or more	7.00%	4.75%
Less than 15%	N/A	Less than 15%	7.00%	4.50%

As of June 30, 2020	
Plan Investing with the IMB	No
Actuarially-Based Funding Policy	No
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$19,690,974
Liabilities Using a 5.0% Discount Rate	\$44,210,186
Funded Ratio	44.54%
Equity Exposure	60%
Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years	47%
Discount Rate	4.75%

 ¹³ Funded ratios based on a 6.0% investment return assumption for plans using an actuarially sound funding policy (Standard or Optional) and a 5.0% investment return assumption for other plans (Alternative or Conservation).
 ¹⁴ Based on target allocation percentage outlined in the investment policy.
 ¹⁵ Assumes the IMB maintains a current growth asset target above 70%. If this policy changes, the assumption

should be reviewed.



Salary Increases

The following assumed rates are used:

Years of Service	Increase
0	20.00%
1	9.00%
2	6.50%
3	6.00%
4-28	5.00%
29-33	4.00%
34+	3.50%

Pay Spiking

City of Beckley has indicated that unused accrued leave time (vacation and sick) is included in pensionable earnings used to compute the average annual compensation and, as such, a load of 6% is applied to active retirement and active termination pension benefits.

Inflation

2.50%, compounded annually.

Cost of Living Increase in Benefits

2.50% on first \$15,000 of annual benefit and on the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

Mortality

Pre-Retirement

SOA PubS-2010(B) Employee¹⁶ Mortality Table¹⁷ with the 2010 base rates projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

Post Retirement

For Healthy Retirees and Beneficiaries:

SOA PubS-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with the 2010 base rates projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019.**

For Disabled Retirees:

SOA PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with the 2010 base rates **set forward five years** and projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

Mortality improvement projections to the valuation date represent current mortality and mortality improvement projections beyond the valuation date represent future mortality improvement.

¹⁶ Table name abbreviations from *Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables Report* published in January 2019. For example, *PubS-2010(B) Employee* translates to the Amount-Weighted Public Safety 2010 Below Median Employee Mortality Table.

¹⁷ Assumes 10% of deaths are duty-related and 90% are non-duty related.



Retirement Rates

The retirement rates below take into account retirement at DROP entry:

					Year	s of Sei	vice				
Age	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
50	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%	82%
51	73%	47%	47%	47%	47%	47%	47%	47%	47%	47%	47%
52	73%	46%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%
53	69%	39%	32%	36%	36%	36%	36%	36%	36%	36%	36%
54	69%	39%	32%	36%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%
55	87%	82%	85%	94%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
56	84%	57%	49%	73%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
57	81%	48%	49%	73%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
58	81%	40%	35%	73%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
59	70%	40%	25%	40%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
60	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

The percentage of members electing DROP at each retirement age is presented below:

					Year	rs of Sei	vice				
Age	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
50	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%	73%
51	81%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%
52	81%	27%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%	42%
53	86%	37%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%	54%
54	86%	37%	54%	54%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%
55	88%	70%	83%	83%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
56	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
57	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
58	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
59	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
60	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Terminated-vested members (members who terminate employment after attaining 20 years of service but prior to commencing pension benefits) are assumed to retire at age 50.



Termination of Employment

Sample termination rates are as follows:

Age	Fire	Police
20	15%	25%
25	7%	10%
30	5%	8%
35	2%	6%
40	2%	3.5%
45	1%	2%
50	0%	0%

Disability Rates

Sample disability rates are as follows:

Age	Rates ¹⁸
30	0.33%
40	0.76%
50	1.18%

Marital Status

70% assumed to be married with wives 3 years younger than husbands. Widows and widowers are not expected to re-marry in the future.

Non-Vested Terminations

We value non-vested terminations based on the amount of their employee contribution account balance, which is assumed to be paid on the valuation date for current non-vested terminated members and on the termination date for future non-vested terminations.

Valuation of Members with DROP

The Plan offers a DROP option. This option is available to active members who are retirement eligible. Members currently in DROP as of the valuation date are assumed to exit DROP upon the earlier of attaining 5 years of DROP participation and attaining age 60. If a member is at least age 60 on the valuation date but has fewer than 5 years of DROP service, the member is assumed to exit DROP in one year. Upon DROP exit, a member is assumed to receive the DROP account balance as a lump sum and start receiving annuity payments. For active members who are not currently in DROP as of the valuation date, the same methodology is applied.

DROP members are considered retired members for purposes of supplemental benefits (COLA).

DROP member are considered active members for purposes of the premium tax allocation.

¹⁸ Assumes that 50% of disabilities are duty related and 50% are non-duty related. Also assumes that 5% of non-duty disabled members receive a 20% reduction in benefits through age 65 due to gainful employment.



Form of Payment

Benefits are assumed to be paid as a life annuity with a 60% spousal death benefit taking into account the re-indexing of the spouse's supplemental benefit as provided in WV Code §8-22-26a.

Non-Spouse Beneficiaries

Pre-retirement death benefits are loaded by 6% and post-retirement death benefits are loaded by 1% to estimate the impact of benefits provided to non-spouse beneficiaries (children, parents, siblings).

Administrative Expenses

Total administrative expenses for the fiscal year are equal to the average of the administrative expenses for the prior two fiscal years, increased by 2.50% annually for inflation.

Future expenses are assumed to increase by the general inflation assumption and are adjusted for headcount.

Changes in Methods/Assumptions Since Prior Valuation

Pursuant to the 2020 *Actuarial Methods Recommendations Report*, the WV MPOB adopted changes to the following methods:

- Amortization method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from a single, closed amortization base to a layered amortization approach.
- Asset method: the method was changed from the market value of assets to a four-year smoothed actuarial value of assets.
- Roll-forward method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from developing contributions for the valuation year to rolling valuation results forward one year to better align the contribution calculation with the expected timing of the contribution.

Pursuant to the 2020 *Experience Study Report*, the WV MPOB adopted changes to the following assumptions:

- Discount rate development and rates
- Salary increases
- Added a pay spiking assumption
- Inflation (and premium tax increase rate)
- Cost-of-living increases
- Mortality rates (tables and improvement scales)
- Retirement rates (now with separate rates for police officers and firefighters)
- Termination rates (now with separate rates for police officers and firefighters)
- Disability rates
- Marital status
- Load for non-spouse beneficiaries
- Administrative expenses



Section XIII. Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs or the portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to service before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method. Represents the present value of benefits expected to be paid from the plan in the future allocated to service prior to the date of the measurement.

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method

The method of determining the value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value that recognizes investment gains and losses over a given period of time (rather than immediately) in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined contribution (ADC).

Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. Also known as the "funding method". Examples of actuarial cost methods include Aggregate, Entry Age Normal, Projected Unit Credit, and Pay-As-You-Go.

Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits

The actuarial present value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund of member contributions or a future retirement benefit. It is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Aggregate Cost Method

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost of all future benefits in excess of plan assets as a level percentage of future salary or service. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is set to the value of assets in this method.

Annual Determined Contributions of the Employer(s) (ADC)

The employer's target or recommended periodic contribution to a pension plan, calculated in accordance with assumptions and methods that conform with the Actuarial Standards of Practice. The ADC replaced the annual required contribution (ARC) when GASB 27 was replaced by GASB 68.

Cost-of-Living-Adjustment (COLA)

A periodic increase in the amounts calculated using the plan's basic benefit formula to account for the future effects of inflation which reduce the purchasing power of the calculated benefits.

Covered Group

Plan members included in actuarial valuation.



Demographic Assumptions

Assumptions regarding the future population of pension participants, including retirement, termination, disability and mortality assumptions. Demographic assumptions also include those relating to merit pay increases, marital status, and new hires.

Economic Assumptions

Assumptions regarding future economic factors, including inflation, investment returns, COLA, salary improvement, change in average wages, and changes in Social Security benefits.

Employer's Contributions

Contributions made in relation to the ADC. An employer has made a contribution in relation to the ADC if the employer has (a) made payments of benefits directly to or on behalf of a retiree or beneficiary, (b) made premium payments to an insurer, or (c) irrevocably transferred assets to a trust, or an equivalent arrangement, in which plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the plan and are legally protected from creditors of the employer(s) or plan administrator.

Entry Age Normal (EAN) Cost Method

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost for each individual's expected benefits over their career, either as a level percentage of pay or service. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the accumulated value of all past normal costs, and the unfunded accrued liability (surplus) is the excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the value of assets.

Expenses

Plan expenses paid from the plan's assets (rather than directly by the employer) are divided into administrative and investment-related expenses.

Funded Ratio

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the plan's Actuarial Accrued Liability.

GASB

Government Accounting Standards Board.

GASB No. 67 and GASB No. 68

These are the government accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

Investment Return Assumption or Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)

The assumed rate of future investment earnings on the plan's assets, reflecting the current investment policy and expected future economic conditions. This rate is used to adjust, or discount, a series of future payments to reflect the time value of money and show future amounts in today's dollars.

Level Dollar Amortization Method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a level dollar amount over a given number of years.



Level Percentage of Projected Payroll Amortization Method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation. In dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to remain level (disregarding changes due to future actuarial experience differing from expectations).

Normal Cost

That portion of the Actuarial Present Value Future Benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method.

Payroll Growth Rate

An actuarial assumption with respect to future increases in total covered payroll attributable to inflation; used in applying the level percentage of projected payroll amortization method.

Plan Members

The individuals covered by the terms of a pension plan. The plan membership generally includes employees in active service, terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retired employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Post-Employment

The period between termination of employment and retirement as well as the period after retirement.

Salary Improvement

An actuarial assumption regarding the increase in employees' salaries, reflecting cost-of-living, merit and longevity increases.

Supplemental Benefits

Benefits that accumulate after a member's retirement based on an annual COLA increase in the amount of a retired participant's benefit intended to adjust the benefit for inflation.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities

The excess of the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits as of the date of a pension plan valuation, over the sum of (1) the actuarial value of the assets of the plan and (2) the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs determined by any of several actuarial cost methods. For plans that explicitly define an Actuarial Accrued Liability, this amount equals the excess of the Actuarial Accuarial Accuarial value of assets.

Vested Plan Benefits

All benefits to which current participants have a vested right based on pay and service through the valuation date. A participant has a vested right to a benefit if he/she would still be eligible to receive that benefit if employment terminated on the valuation date.